BRL



CONTRACT 169
REPORT NO. 3

OPPER ATMOSPHERE WINDS FROM
COUN LAUNCHED VERTICAL PROBES
Barbados, 16-23 November 1965)

SPACE INSTRUMENTS RESEARCH. INC.



DISCLAIMER NOTICE

THIS DOCUMENT IS BEST QUALITY PRACTICABLE. THE COPY FURNISHED TO DTIC CONTAINED A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF PAGES WHICH DO NOT REPRODUCE LEGIBLY.

UPPER ATMOSPHERE WINDS FROM
GUN LAUNCHED VERTICAL PROBES
(Barbados, 16-23 November 1965)

Prepared for

U. S. Army
Ballistic Research Laboratories
Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland

Contract No. DA-01-009-AMC-169(X)

Prepared by:

Robert N. Fuller

Research Physicist

Approved by:

Howard D. Edwards

Howard D Edwards

Technical Director

Space Instruments Research, Inc. Atlanta, Georgia

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Pag
Introduction	1
Data Acquisition	2
Data Reduction	4
Interpretation of Data	6
Illustrations	8
Synopsis of Results	10
References	12
Table of Trail Information	13
WIND PROFILES:	
Thirtean Trail Releases November 16-23, 1965	11

INTRODICTION

A continuing study of upper atmospheric winds over the lower West Indies has been made possible by the firing of high altitude ballistic probes from a sixteen-inch gun located on the Island of Berbados. These firings are being carried out by the U. S. Army Ballistics Research Laboratories, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, under the direction of Dr. Charles H. Murphy, and by the Space Research Institute of McGill University, Canada, under the direction of Dr. G. V. Bull.

Atmospheric winds are studied by releasing chemical trails from the gun-fired probes during the upper portion of their trajectories. To date, the primary chemical which has been released is trimethyl aluminum (TMA). TMA produces a chemiluminescent glow in regions of the atmosphere above 85 kilometers, thus allowing the trails to be photographed while being distorted by upper atmosphere winds. The photographs are then reduced to provide wind information by SIR, using computer techniques.

The purpose of this report is to summarize results of these studies for the period from November 16 through November 23, 1965. Frevious results are covered in Technical Report No. 1, issued November, 1965, and Technical Report No. 2 issued March, 1966.

DATA ACQUISITION

The chemical trails are formed almost vertically over the ipland of Barbados (lengitude 59.40%, latitude 13.00%) and extend from an altitude of 85 kilometers through apogee. In some firings, TMA is also released on the down leg of the trajectory. To the unaided eye, the chemical release first appears as a straight white trail resembling a jot contrail. Within a minute or so, the trail is distorted into strange shapes by the upper atmospheric winds (see Fig. 1) and fades from view within approximately fifteen minutes after initial release.

Space Instruments Research has established eight photographic consequence on the islands of Barbados, St. Vincent, Grenada, and Pobago, with two sites per island. These islands are located to the west and south of Barbados at distances of 190 to 290 kilometers (see Fig. 2). While only one site on each of two islands is required for data reduction purposes, the eight sites have been found necessary because of cloud conditions in the area.

Equipment at each site, built by SIR, consists of a camera unit containing two seven-inch focal length cameras mounted on a concrete paicstal, and an electronic control. Cameras are automatically pulsed to take exposures of 3, 6, and 12 seconds duration every 30 seconds.

Since commercial power is either unreliable or unavailable at most site locations, SIR has developed a battery operated 115-volt power supply for the control equipment. The power supply is tuning-fork controlled and provides 60 cycle power with an accuracy of 0.005% for the

camera programmer so that pictures can be taken simultaneously at each site. A data chamber mounted on each camera unit records time, shot number, and site information in the corner of each frame of film.

A short wave radio not connecting all sites and the launch control center has been installed by SIR to enable the launch control officer on Barbados to be informed of weather conditions on the islands and to synchronize picture—taking operations with the firing of the gun. Host sites are operated by local personnel who have been trained by SIR.

During a typical night's operation, the gun is fired at one to two-hour intervals, from sunset to sunrise. Photographs are taken by all sites during the time that the trail is visible. The film is returned to Atlanta for processing and data reduction.

DATA REDUCTION

Several computer programs have been developed which make it possible to calculate upper atmosphere winds from measurements made directly on the photographs of the luminous trails.

Since the method used is basically three-dimensional triangulation using spherical trigonometry, it is necessary to know precisely the direction each camera was pointed during a given firing. The direction to the locations of the locations of the locations of the star images on the film, and then computing the azimuth and each tion of the optical exis of the camera by means of a computer that the computer program makes use of the celestial coordinates to one 6,000 stars which have been stored on magnetic tape.

Wind speeds and directions are then determined from the location of the trail in space at a succession of known times. The location is iousa, using either a point location program or a trail location program, or both, and depends on the nature of the chemical release.

Point location method. If the chemical release exhibits discrete roducts (resulting either from turbulence or from the nature of the release mechanism) and these points can be identified on films from two or more islands, the point location program can be used to calculate the pointion of each point in longitude, latitude, and altitude above the lovel.

These calculations are made from data taken at successive times.

A wind program is then used to calculate both vertical and horizontal winds from the motion of these points as a function of time.

Trail location method. Most of the chemical releases produce a smooth trail having few, if any, identifiable points. In such cases, film coordinates of a large number of incremental points along the film image of the trail are fed into the computer from data from two or more islands. The trail location program attempts to triangulate each point from one site with many points from another site, finally choosing points from both sites whose optical paths from camera into space form the closest spatial intersection. After doing many hundreds of such calculations, the computer is able to construct coordinates for a mathematical curve in the shape of the trail in space. Then, as with the point location program, winds can be determined from the motion of the curve with time. Here, however, it must be assumed that vertical winds are essentially sero. This assumption is borne out by previous studies which have shown vertical winds in this altitude region to be of the order of a few meters per second compared to horisontal winds ranging up to 150 meters per second.

Corrections for variables such as atmospheric refraction, rotation of camera about optical axis, and camera focal length, are incorporated into the programs to maintain high accuracy. Focal length and camera rotation are in fact calculated from measurements of the positions of star images on the films.

INTERPRETATION OF DATA

In the remainder of this report, horizontal wind velocities are presented in tabular form and in plots of wind speed, direction, and components.

Winds were calculated at altitude intervals of one kilometer.

Points on the various plots show the actual computed result, as listed in the table preceding the plot. A curve has been fitted to each set of points to aid in detecting wind patterns and to indicate reliability of the plotted results. Each curve has been drawn with a knowledge of intermediate results leading to the wind calculations and of the consistency of the winds as calculated between each of the five or six time intervals used. In cases where point-to-point curve fitting was not thought to reflect actual variations in wind speed, direction, or components, a more appropriate smooth curve has been drawn. Otherwise, the curves are fitted directly to the data points. Results of certain portions of the trails are at times less accurate than others due to the spacial orientation of those trail segments relative to the available photographic stations. Less accurate data also can result from photographs obscured by haze and clouds and from trails of short duration.

Wind speed plot. This plot shows the speed of the wind vector in meters per second as a function of height in kilometers above sea level.

Wind direction plot. The wind vector is considered to point in the direction toward which the wind is moving. The direction plot shows the direction of this vector in degrees clockwise from north as seen from above. Thus, a wint direction toward the east would be 90 degrees.

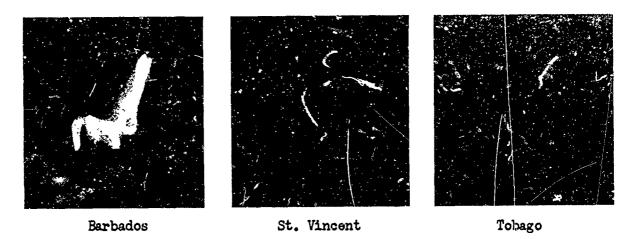
Wind components plot. While plots of wind direction and speed do completely describe the wind vector, it has been found helpful in studying wind patterns to present the north-south and east-west velocity components of the vector. In the north-south plot, north is positive; south is negative. In the cast-west plot, east is positive, west negative. Components are plotted in maters per second versus height in kilometers.

The wind direction and components described above are referenced to true north. In addition, components have been calculated relative to magnetic north for comparison with other ionospheric phonomena. These components are not plotted, but are listed in the tabulations preceding each set of plots.

Fig. 1

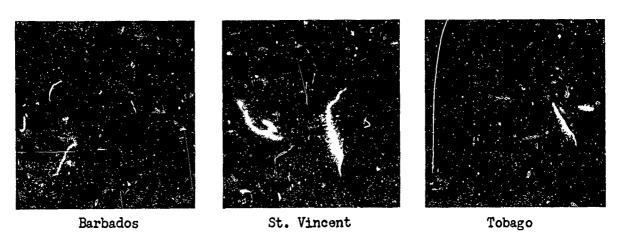
Photographs of firing Christ Church

Photographs taken 154 seconds after firing:



These pictures were taken from three islands just as the vehicle reached apogee. Note that the winds have already distorted the trail. Numbers indicate altitude in Kilometers.

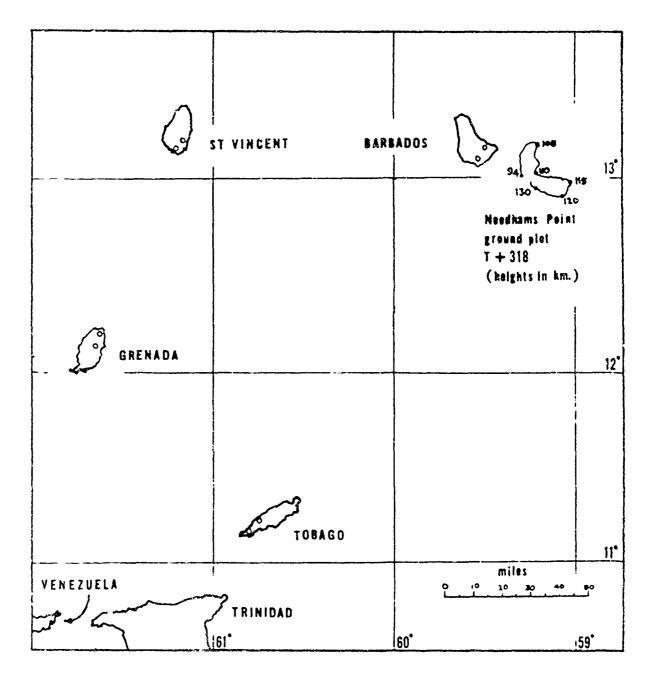
Photographs taken 244 seconds after firing:



This set of pictures was taken at completion of the downtrail. The uptrail shows the continued effect of the winds, while the lower part of the downtrail is new and only slightly distorted. Stars can be seen in the background of these pictures. The positions of these stars are used to determine the exact direction each camera was aimed.

Fig. 2

Location of S.I.R. photographic stations



Two stations are located on each of the four islands, as shown. While only one station on each of any two islands is sufficient for determination of which by triangulation, several stations were found necessary because of prevalent cloud conditions in the area. Accuracy of the data reduction is also increased by use of films from more than two islands.

SYNOPSIS OF RESULTS

The following comments may be helpful in interpreting the data contained in this report. Only those shots with unusual characteristics are discussed.

No. 30, Yorkshire

This release differed from the others in that cesium, rather than TMA, was released. The chemical was released as a point, rather than a trail, at T + 94 seconds at an altitude of 101 km, remaining visible for roughly 100 seconds.

The release showed a considerable vertical motion, about 38 meters per second, rising to above 105 km before fading from view. The wind is shown plotted for 103 km, the average height.

No. 31. Christ Church

Uptrail and downtrail results were quite similar for this trail.

While there were some differences between uptrail and downtrail velocities, at all altitudes the possible errors were large enough that there may be no actual differences between up and down winds.

No. 32, Dover

Uptrail results were generally better than downtrail, so the curve was fitted closer to uptrail results over most of the trail. However, above 115 km there seemed to be a significant difference between up and down results, so two curves were drawn.

No. 33, Foul Bay

Here up and down results were in fair agreement over all of the trail except for 103 through 105 km. Intermediate steps in the data reduction showed that while the maximum south wind occurred at 105 km

in the uptrail, the maximum was around 103 km in the downtrail.

No. 41. Rookley

Note that in the "wind direction" plot, altitudes 129 and 130 km do not fit the curve at all well. This is because the wind was practically "calm," thus wind direction has little meaning and large possible errors when calculated.

No. 42, Seavell

Here and the second second

Seawell had poor film data, causing part of the wind profile results to be quite poor. The lowest part (from 93 to 103 km) was good enough that we could put a curve through the data points with some confidence. However, from 104 to 110 km, we feel that there may be considerable error in the plotted points, thus a dotted curve was drawn. Above 104 km the results were better. Note that at 110 km a calm wind caused poor direction results, as with shot Rockley.

REFERENCES

- 1. Albritton, D. L., L. C. Young, H. D. Edwards, and J. L. Brown, "Position Determination of Artificial Clouds in the Upper Atmosphere," Photogrammetric Engineering, September 1962.
- 2. Armstrong, E. B., "Observations of Luminous Clouds Produced in the Upper Atmosphere by Exploding Grenades I, II and III," Planet, Space Sci., 11, 733-758, 1963.
- 3. Bedinger, J. F., Compendium of Wind Data from the Vapor Trail Technique, "GCA Tech. Report. 66-7-N, March 1966.
- 4. Blamont, J. E., "Turbulence in Atmospheric Motions Between 90 and 130 km of Altitude," Planetary and Space Sciences, 10, 89-101, 1963.
- 5. Bull, G. V., C. H. Murphy, "Gun Launched Missiles for Upper Atmosphere Recearch, " AIAA Preprint No. 64-18, January 1964.
- 6. Bull, G. V., H. J. Luckert, "Report of the March 1965 Test Firing Series, " Project HARP, McGill University Report SRI-H-R-9, July 1965.
- 7. Cate, O., "Turbulent Diffusion of Sodium Vapor Trails in the Upper Atmosphere," GCA Technical Report No. 65-5-N, Contract NASw-1083, March 1965.
- 8. Champion, K. S. W., "Atmospheric Structure and Its Variations in the Lower Thermosphere," Planet, Space Sci., 13, 325-338, 1965.
- 9. Edwards, H. D., M. M. Cooksey, C. G. Justus, R. N. Fuller, D. L. Albritton, N. W. Rosenberg, "Upper Atmosphere Wind Measurements ...etermined from Twelve Rocket Experiments," J. Geophys. Res., 68, 3021-3032, 1963.
- 10. Edwards, H. D., C. G. Justus, D. C. Kurts, "Evening Twilight Winds from 68 to 140 Kilometers for May 21, 1963," J. Geophys, Res., 68, 6062-6063, 1963.
- II. Elford, W. G., and R. G. Roper, "Turbulence in the Lower Thermosphere," to be published in <u>Space Research VII</u>, 1967.
- Golomb, D., and H. M. MacLeod, "Diffusion Coefficients in the Upper Atmosphere from Chemiluminous Trails," J. Geophys. Res., 71, 2299-2305, 1966.
- 13. Golomb, D., N. W. Rosenberg, C. Abaronian, J. A. Hill, and H. L. Alden, "Daygen Atom Determination in the Upper Atmosphere by Chemiluminescence of Vitric Oxide," J. Geophys. Res., 70, 1155-1173, 1965.
- 14. Hines, C. O., "Ionospheric Movements and Irregularities," Research in Geophysics, Vol. 1, 299-318, 1964.

15. Hines, C. O., "Minimum Vertical Scale Sizes in the Wind Structure Above 100 Kilometers," J. Geophys. Res., 69, 2847-2848, 1964.

the of the proper regions the condition of the conditions of the c

- 16. Hines, C. O., "Dynamical Heating in the Upper Atmosphere," J. Geophys. Res., 70, 177-183, 1965.
- 17. Hines, C. O., "Diurnal Tide in the Upper Atmosphere," Jour, Geophys, Res. 71, 1453, 1966.
- 18. Hines, C. O., "On the Analysis and Interpretation of Winds Observed at Heights of 85 to 135 Kilometers: A Rebuttal," <u>Jour, Geophys.</u> Res., 71, 1461, 1966.
- Johnson, E. R., and R. H. Lloyd, "Determination of Diffusion Coefficients from Observations on Grenade Glow Clouds," <u>Australian Jour. Phys.</u>, 16, 490-499, 1963.
- 20. Justus, C. G., "The Energy Balance of Turbulence in the Upper Atmosphere," Jour. Geophys. Research, 71, No. 15, August 1, 1966.
- 21. Justus, C. G., H. D. Edwards, R. N. Fuller, "A Method Employing Star Enekgrounds for Improving the Accuracy of the Location of Clouds or Objects in Space," <u>Photogrammetric Engineering</u>, July 1964.
- 22. Kochanski, A., "Atmospheric Motions from Sodium Cloud Drifts at Four Locations," Monthly Weather Review, Vol. 94, No. 4, April 1966.
- 23. Lloyd, K. H., and L. H. Shappard, "Atmospheric Structure at 130-200 km Altitude from Observations on Grenade Glow Clouds During 1962-63,"

 Australian Jour. Phys., 19, 323-342, 1966.
- 24. Horgan, A. W., "Heasurements of Winds by Chemical Releases in the Upper Atmosphere, NASA Technical Nemorandum, NASA TH X-53363, December 1965.
- 25. Hurphy, C. H., G. V. Bull, H. D. Edwards, "Upper Atmosphere Winds Hoasured by Gan Launched Projectiles," AMS/AIAA Conference on Associate Meteorology, March 1966, and J. Geophys. Res. (in press).
- 26. Noel, T. M., "A Heasurement of Turbulence Power and Small Eddy Scale Near 105 Kilometers," J. Geophys. Res., 68, 2862-2863, 1963.
- 27. Hordberg, W., "Rocket Soundings in the Mesosphere," in MASA SP-49 (Meteorolegical Observations above 30 km) 1964.
- 28. Roper, R. G., "Dissipation of Wind Energy in the Height Range 60 to 140 km," Jour. Geophys. Ros., 71, September 15, 1966.
- 29. Roper, R. G., "The Semidiurnal Tide in the Lower Thermosphere,"

 Jorn. Geophys. Res. (accepted for publication, probably December 15, 1966).

- 30. Roper, R. G., "Atmospheric Turbulence in the Meteor Region," Jour, Geophys. Res. (accepted for publication, probably December 15, 1966.)
- 31. Rosenberg, N. W., H. D. Edwards, and J. W. Wright, "Ionospheric Wirds: Hotions into Hight and Sporadic E Correlations," Space Research 4, 171-181, 1964.
- 32. Rosenberg, N. W., D. Golomb, E. F. Allen, "Chemiluminescence of Trimethyl aluminum Released into the Upper Atmosphere," J. Geophys. 168., 68, 5895-5898, 1963.
- 33. Rosenberg, N. W., D. Golomb, E. F. Allen, "Reserance Radiation of Alo from Trimethyl Aluminum Released into the Upper Atmosphere," J. Geophys. Ecs., 69, 1451-1454, 1964.
- 34. Rosenberg, N. W., D. Golomb, E. F. Allen, "Chemiluminescent Techniques for Studying Nighttime Winds in the Upper Atmosphere," J. Geophys. Ros., 68, 3328-3330, 1963.
- 35. Rosenberg, N. W., C. G. Justus, "Space and Time Correlations of Ionospheric Winds," Radio Science, 1, No. 2, February 1966.

or or an experimental contraction of the contractio

- 36. Shappard, L. M., and K. H. Lloyd, "Atmospheric Density and the Diffusion of Grenade Glow Clouds," Planet Space Soi., 12, 317-318, 1964.
- 37. Zirmerman, "Small-Scale Wind Structure Above 100 km," Jour, Geophys. Res., 69, 784-785, 1964.

TABLE OF TRAIL INFORMATION

Trail Ho.	Mane	Date	Time (AST)	Altitudes (km)
30	Yorkshire	16 Nov. 1965	18:15:00	101
31	Christ Church	17 Hov. 1965	18:15:00	92-119
32	Dever	17 Nov. 1965	19:34:00	91-122
33	Foul Bay	17 Nov. 1965	23:15:00	93-127
34	Gran Hill	18 Nov. 1965	00:45:00	96-127
35	Indian Ground	18 Nov. 1965	03:30:00	98_117
36	Jamestom	18 Nov. 1965	05:08:00	93-119
37	Maxwall	22 Nov. 1965	18:09:00	94_120
3 8	Needhams Point	22 Nov. 1965	19:30:00	93-134
39	Paragon	22 Nov. 1965	22:59:00	99-126
40	Queens Fort	23 Nov. 1965	01:31:00	100-133
41	Rockley	23 Nov. 1965	03:28:00	95-138
42	Seawell	23 Nov. 1965	05:16:30	91_130

TABULATIONS AND PLOTS

Thirtsen Trail Releases - November 16-23, 1965

TRAIL NO. 30 YORESHIRE

BARBADOS

15 NOVEMBER 1965 18:15:00

ALTITUDE	WIND WIND HEADING VELOCITY		WIED COMPONENTS (M) GEOGRAPHIC M) Netic
(KH)	(DEG)	(M/8)	N-8	E-W	N-S	E-W
103.0	337.7	92.4	85.5	-35.1	90.8	-17.1

NO PLOTS ARE SHOWN FOR THIS RELEASE

TRAIL NO. 31 CHRIST CHURCH

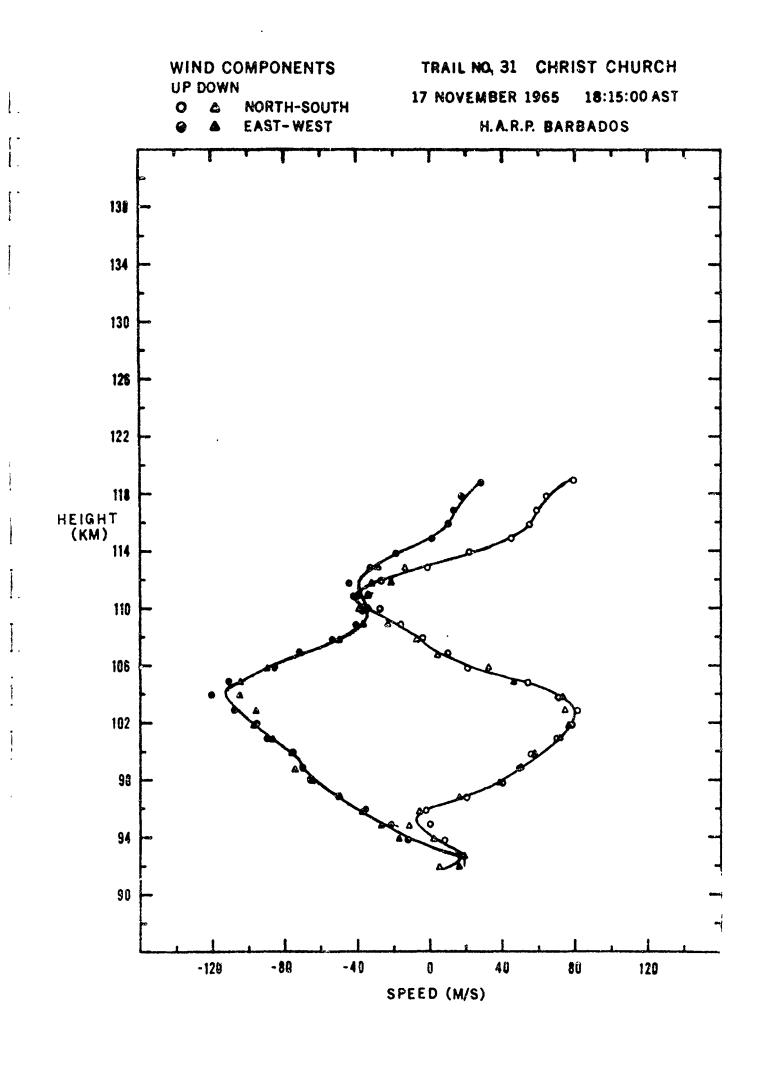
BARBADOS UP TRAIL

17 NOVEMBER 1965 18-15-00 AST

	WIND	WIND		WIND COMPON	NENTS (M/S)	
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY		RAPHIC		SNETIC	
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-S	E-W	N-S	E-M	
93.€	45.7	27.4	19•1	19.6	14.7	23.1	
94.9	303.6	14.9	8 • 3	-12.5	10.7	-10.6	
95.0	271.4	22.1	0.6	-22.1	5.1	-21.5	
96.0	268.1	36.7	-1.2	-36.7	6.2	-36.2	
97.0	291.2	55.7	20.2	-51.9	30.3	-46.7	
98.0	301.2	77.6	40.2	-66.4	52.8	-56.9	
99.6	394.6	85.8	48.7	-70.6	62.0	-59.3	
100.0	307.0	94.3	56.8	-75.3	70•9	-62.3	
191.9	307.6	114.8	70.1	-90.9	87.0	-74.8	
102.0	398.8	124.9	78.3	-97.3	96 • 4	-79.5	
103.0	307.3	136.3	82.6	-108.3	102.8	-89.4	
104.0	300.4	141.4	71.6	-121.9	94 • 8	-104.9	
105.0	296.1	124.4	54.8	-111.7	76•3	-98.3	
106.0	284.1	88.4	21.6	-85.7	38.5	-79.6	
107.0	278.5	71.7	10.6	-70.9	24.7	-67.3	
198.0	266.5	52.9	-3.2	-52.8	7.5	-52.4	
109.0	247.9	44.1	-16.6	-40.9	-8.0	-43.4	
110.0	230.2	46.5	-29.7	-35.7	-21.9	-41.0	
111.9	223.8	58.5	-42.2	-40.4	-33.2	-48.1	
112.0	238.4	50.6	-26.5	-43 • 1	-17.2	-47.6	
113.9	268.8	32.1	-0.7	-32 • 1	5.8	-31.6	
114.0	321.9	28.8	22.6	-17.7	25.7	-12.8	
115.0	3 • 1	45.8	45.7	2 • 5	44.3	11.7	
116.0	10.7	56.5	55.5	10.5	52.2	21.5	
117.0	13 e 4	61.0	59.4	14-1	55•3	25.8	
118.0	15.5	67.7	65.2	18.1	60•2	30.9	
119.0	19.4	85.0	80.2	28•2	72 • 8	43.8	

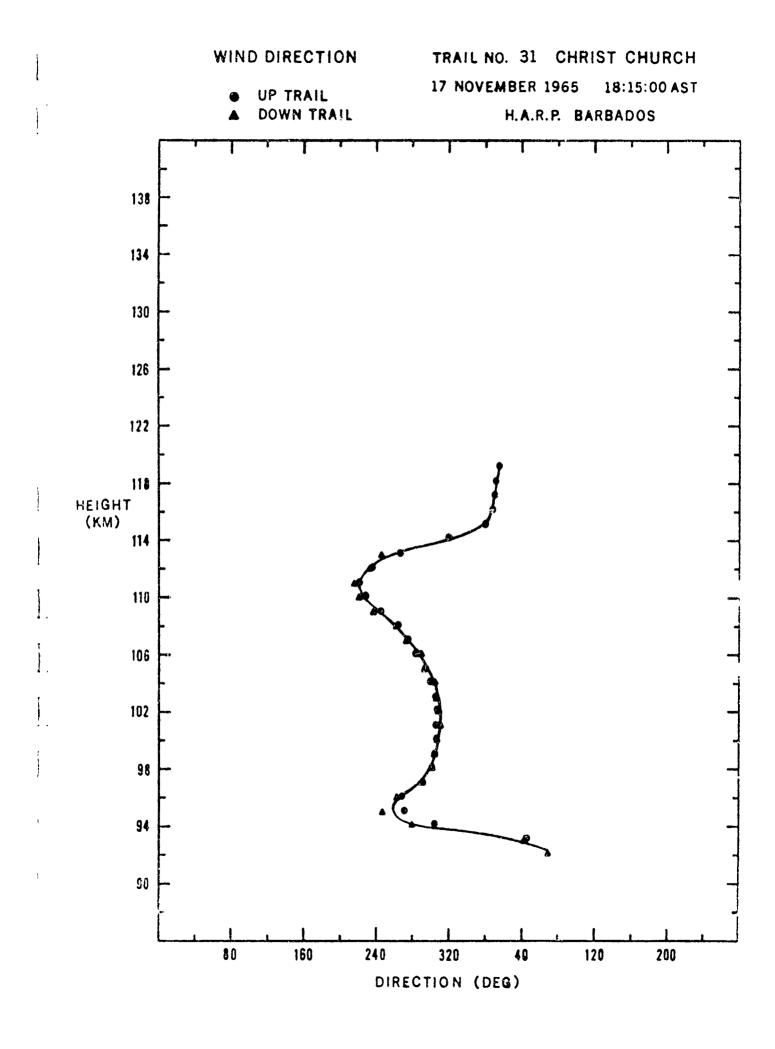
BARBADOS DOWN TRAIL

	WIND	WIND	WIND COMPONENTS (M/S)				
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY	GEOGRAPHIC		MAGNETIC		
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-S	E-W	N-S	E-W	
92.0	69.1	18.0	6 • 4	16.8	2.9	17.7	
93.0	44.3	26.9	19.3	18.8	15.1	22.3	
94.0	279.1	15.4	2 • 4	-15.2	5 • 4	-14.4	
95.0	247.2	28.1	~10.9	-25.9	-5.4	-27.6	
96.0	261.4	36.8	-5.5	-36 • 4	2.0	-36.8	
97.0	289.8	50.4	17.1	-47.4	26.3	-43.0	
98.0	301.7	74.3	39.0	-63.3	51.0	-54.1	
99.0	304.7	88.4	50.4	-72.7	64.1	-61.0	
100.0	307.9	95.6	58.7	-75.5	72.8	-62.1	
101.0	310.3	112.8	72.9	-86.0	88.88	-69.5	
102.0	308.5	125.0	77.8	-97.8	96.0	-80.0	
103.0	308 • 2	123.5	76.3	-97.1	94•4	-79.7	
104.0	395.4	128.2	74.3	-104.5	93.9	-87.3	
105.0	294.3	114.1	46.9	-104.0	67.0	-92.4	
196.0	290.8	93.4	33.2	-87.3	50• 2	-78.8	
107.0	273.9	79.1	4.7	-70.0	18.8	-67.6	
108.9	262.6	48.8	-6.3	-48 • 4	3.6	-48.7	
109.0	238.7	41.8	-21.7	-35.7	-14.0	-39.4	
110.0	221.8	51.2	-38.1	-34.2	-30.4	-41.2	
111.0	219.3	54.0	-41.8	-34.2	-34.0	-41.9	
112.0	236.7	37.3	-20.5	-31.2	-13.8	-34.7	
113.0	248.0	31.9	-12.0	-29.6	-5.8	-31.4	



WIND SPEED TRAIL NO. 31 CHRIST CHURCH 17 NOVEMBER 1965 18:15:00 AST UP TRAIL H.A.R.P. BARBADOS DOWN TRAIL HEIGHT (KM)

SPEED (M/S)



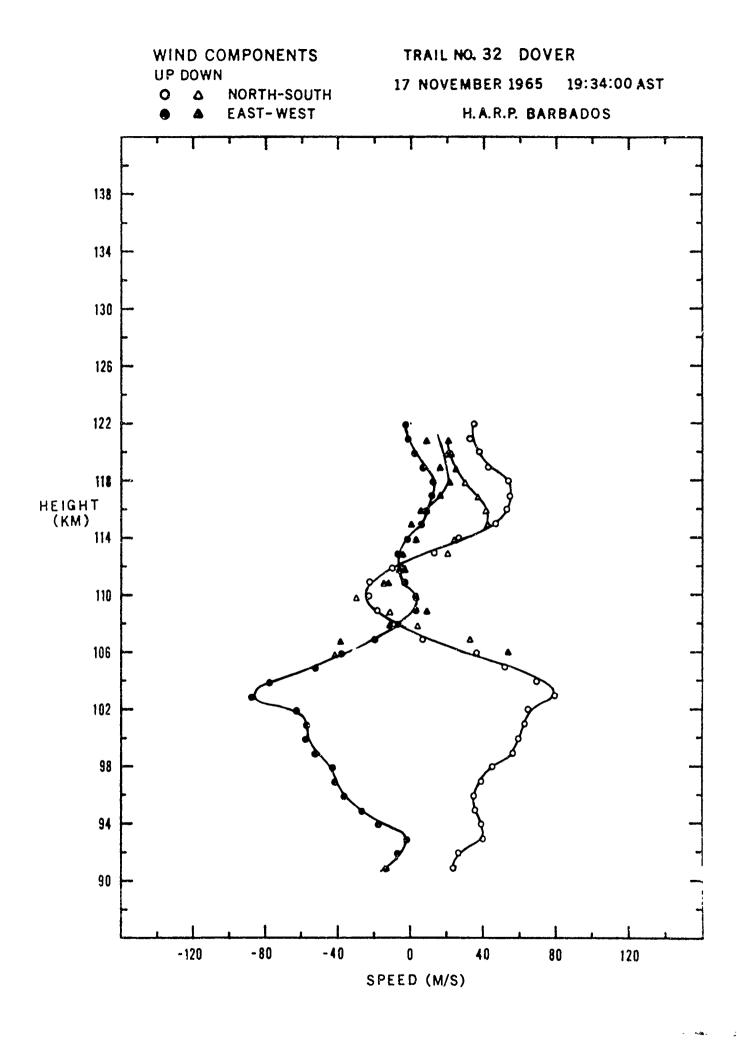
	WIND	WIND		WIND COMPOR	NENTS (M/S)
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY	GEOG	RAPHIC		NETIC
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-5	E-W	N-S	E-W
91.0	328.9	27.4	23.5	-14.1	25.9	-9 . 1
92.0	344.8	27.5	26.5	-7.2	27.4	-1.7
93.0	356.9	39.0	39.0	-2.1	38.6	5.8
94.0	334.9	42.3	38.3	-17.9	41.1	-9.8
95.6	323.2	44.6	35,7	-26.7	40.4	-18.9
96.0	313.5	50.6	34.8	-36.7	41.5	-28.9
97.9	312.8	56.9	38.7	-41.8	46.4	-33.1
98.0	316.1	62.5	45.1	-43.3	52.9	-33.3
99,0	317.0	77.4	56.5	-52 • 8	66.0	-40.3
100.0	315.9	82.5	59.2	-57.5	69•6	-44.3
191.0	317.9	84.9	62.9	-56.9	73.1	-43.0
102.3	315.9	90.4	64.9	-62.9	76.3	-48.5
103.0	312.3	117.7	79.2	-87.1	95.2	-69.3
194.0	311.8	103.7	69.1	-77.3	83.3	-61.7
195.0	314.4	73.7	51.6	-52.7	61.2	-41.2
106.0	312.7	53.0	36.0	-38.9	43.1	-30.8
107.0	288.7	20.7	6.6	-19.6	10.4	-17.9
•daÿ	216.0	10.5	-8.5	-6.2	~7 • 1	-7.8
1 700	171.0	19.0	-18 - 8	3.0	-19.0	-0.9
110.0	172.6	22.7	-22.5	2.9	-22.6	-1.7
111.0	188.5	22.0	-21.8	-3.3	-20.7	-7.6
112.0	203.3	10.5	-9.7	-4.2	-8.7	-6.1
113.0	334.6	15.7	14.1	-6.7	15.2	-3.7
i14.0	356.9	27.1	27.0	-1.4	26.7	4.1
115.0	7•3	47.1	46.7	6.0	44.5	15.3
116.0	9•7	54.2	53.4	9,1	50.5	19.7
117.0	12.2	56.1	54.9	11.9	51.4	22.8
118.0	13.9	55.8	54.2	13.4	50.4	24.1
119.0	9 • 3	44.3	43.7	7.1	41.4	15.8
120.0	4 • 3	38.2	38.1	2.9	36.7	10.5
121.0	358.7	33.6	33.6	-0.8	33.1	6.0
122.9	356 • 4	35.9	35.8	-2 • 2	35.5	5.1

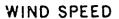
TRAIL NO. 32 DOVER

BARBADOS DOWN TRAIL

17 NOVEMBER 1965 19-34-00 AST

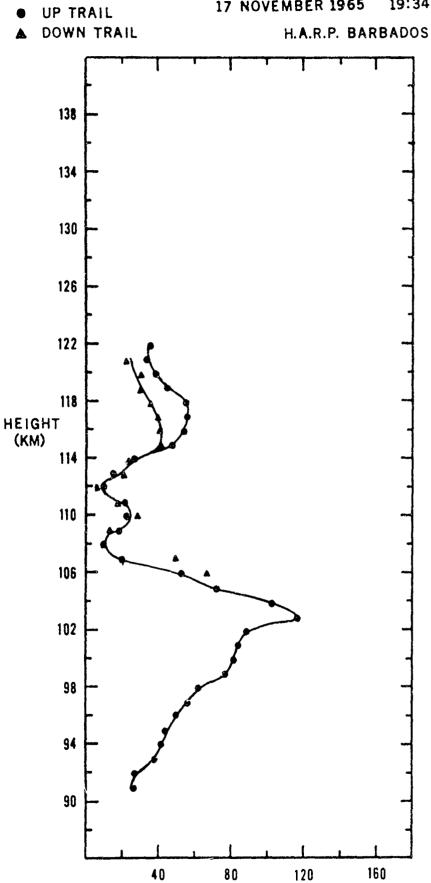
	WIND	WIND	WIND COMPONENTS (M/S)			
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY	GEOGI	RAPHIC	HAGI	NETIC
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-S	E-W	N-S	E-W
106.9	322.5	67.5	53.6	-41.1	60.8	-29.4
107.0	310.8	50.1	32.7	-37.9	39.7	-30.5
108.3	290.9	11.2	4.0	-10.4	6.0	9.4
105.0	138.9	14.0	-10.5	9•2	-12.1	6.9
110.0	172.2	29.9	-29.6	4.0	-29.8	-2 • 1
111.0	218.1	18.7	-14.7	-11.6	-12.1	-14.3
112.0	236.3	6.3	-3.5	-5.2	-2.4	-5.8
110.0	347.4	21.3	20.8	-4.7	21.3	-0.4
114.6	7 • 4	24.5	24.3	3.1	23.2	7.9
115.0	1.3	42.5	42.5	0.9	41.4	9.5
116.0	8 • 3	41.5	41.2	6.0	39.1	14.2
117.0	24.1	40.9	37.3	16.7	33.2	23.9
118.0	35.2	36.8	30.1	21.2	25.2	26.8
119.0	32.9	30.2	25.4	16.4	21.6	21.2
120.0	48.2	30.7	20.5	22.9	15.4	26.6
121.0	23.8	23.3	21.3	9.4	19.0	13.5



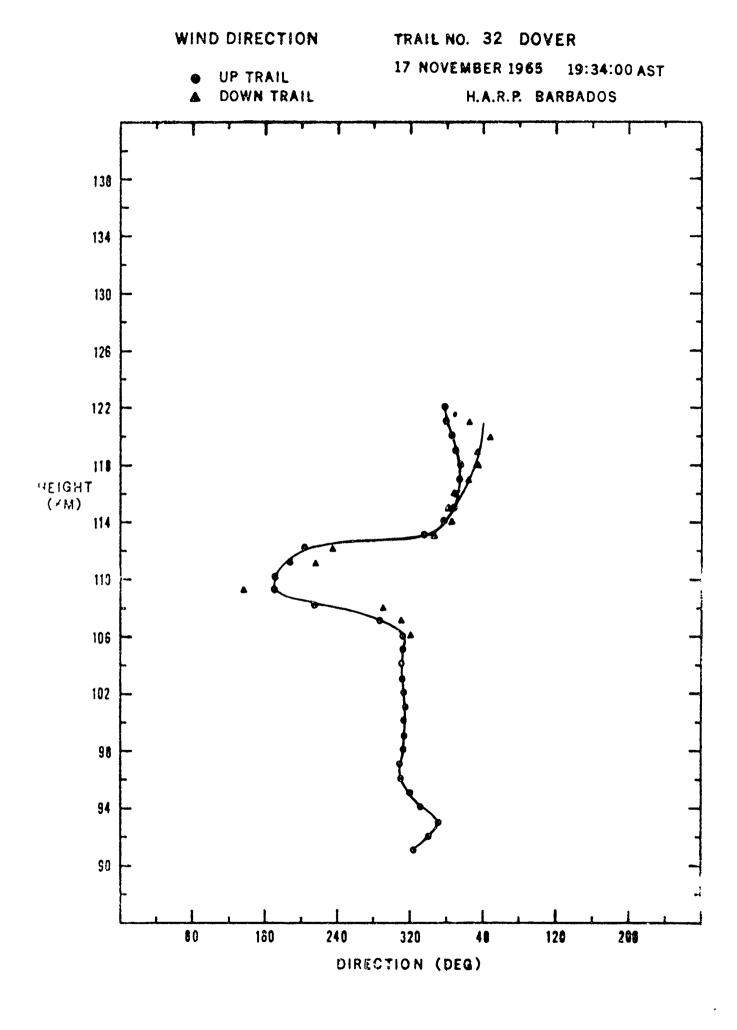


TRAIL NO. 32 DOVER

17 NOVEMBER 1965 19:34:00 AST



SPEED (M/S)



TRAIL NO. 33 FOUL BAY

BARBADOS UP TRAIL

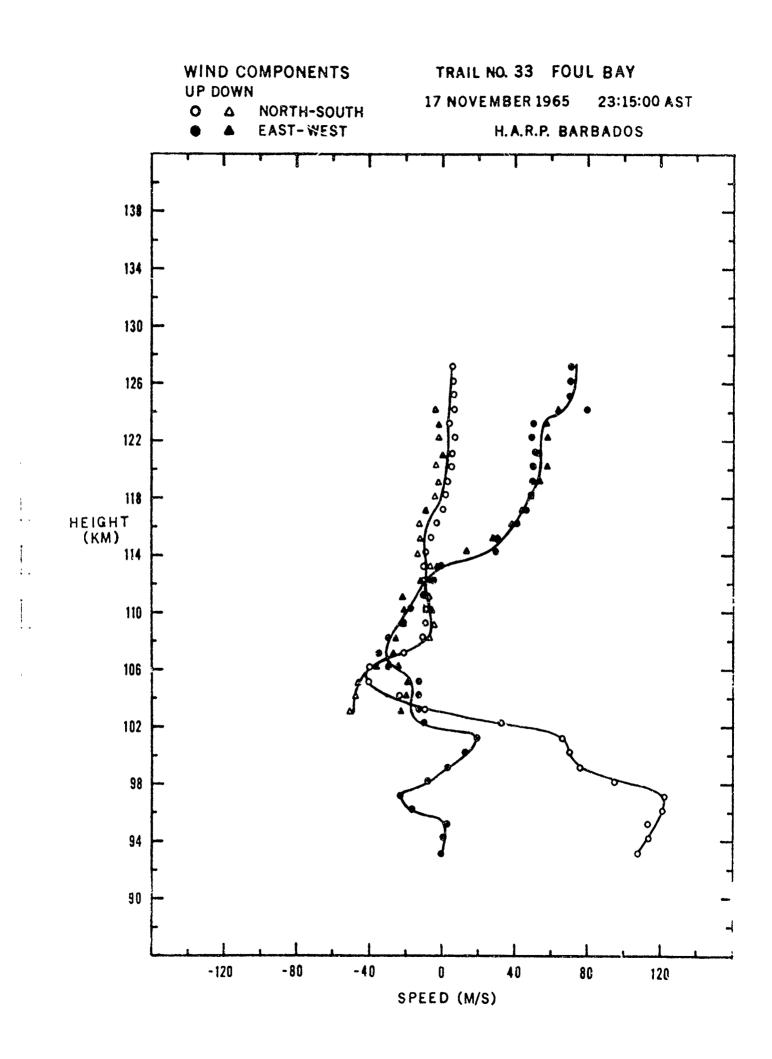
17 NOVEMBER 1965 23-15-00 AST

	WIND	WIND	WIND COMPONENTS (M/S)			
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY	GEO G I	RAPHIC	MAGN	ETIC
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-S	E-W	N-S	E-W
93.9	359.4	108.0	108.0	-1.1	106.0	20.8
94.6	9.6	114.7	114.7	1.3	112.1	24.5
95.9	1.5	113.7	113.6	2•9	110.7	25.8
96.0	352 • 1	122.7	121.6	-16.9	122.5	8.0
97.0	349.2	125.2	123.0	-23.5	125.2	1.9
98.9	355.4	95.4	95.1	-7.6	94.7	11.8
99.0	2 • 4	76.6	76.5	3 • 2	74.3	18.6
190.0	9 . 8	71.4	70.3	12.2	66 • 4	26.2
101.0	16.1	69.5	66.6	19.3	61.5	32.4
102.0	341.9	35.2	33.5	-10.9	35.0	-3.9
103.0	235.4	16.3	-9.3	-13.4	-6•4	-15.0
104.0	209.4	26.9	-23.4	-13.2	-20.2	-17.7
105.0	197.6	42.6	-40.6	-12.9	-37.2	-20.8
196.0	216.4	49.3	-39.6	-29.2	-32.9	-36.6
107.0	238.8	40.0	-20.7	-34.2	-13.4	-37.7
198.0	250.2	31.6	-10.7	-29.7	-4.5	-31.3
109.0	249.2	23.4	-8.3	-21.9	-3.7	-23.1
110.0	243.6	19.6	-8.7	-17.6	-5.0	-19.0
111.0	214.7	16.2	-8.6	-9.6	-6.5	-11.1
112.0	203+1	10.6	-9.8	-4.2	-8 • 7	-6.1
113.0	178.3	10.0	-10.0	0.4	-9.9	-1.6
114.0	195.5	31.9	-8.5	30.7	-14.5	28.3
115.0	101.0	31.5	-6.0	31.0	-12.1	29.1
116.0	93.3	42.47	-2.4	41.7	-10.8	40.4
117.0	89.9	40.7	0.1	46.7	-9.3	45.8
118.0	87.5	49.8	2 • 2	49.7	-7.9	49.1
119.0	85.7	50.6	3.8	50.5	~6 • 5	50.2
120.0	83 • 1	50.4	6.0	50.1	-4.3	50.3
121.0	83.0	51.5	6 • 2	51.1	-4.3	51.3
122.0	81.5	50.1	7.4	49.6	-2.8	50 • 1
123.0	84 • 8	50•7	4 • 6	50•5	-5.7	50 • 4
124.0	84 • 8	80.1	7•3	79•8	-9•0	79.6
125.0	84+4	71.1	7•0	70•7	-7•4	70.7
126.0	84•7	70.9	6 • 6	70.6	-7.8	70.5
127.0	86 • 4	72.0	4.5	71.8	-10.1	71.2

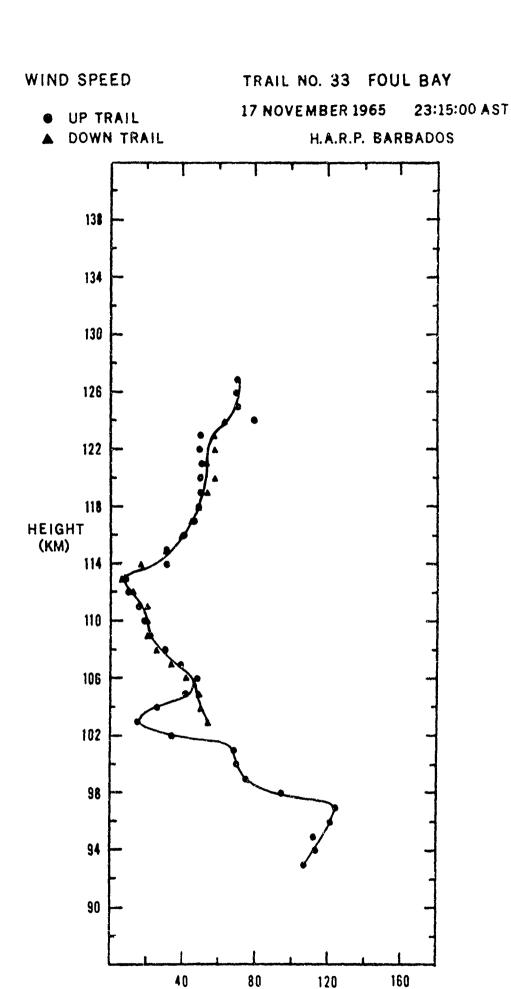
TRAIL NO. 33 FOUL BAY 17 NOVEMBER 1965 23-15-00 AST

BARBADOS BOWN TRAIL

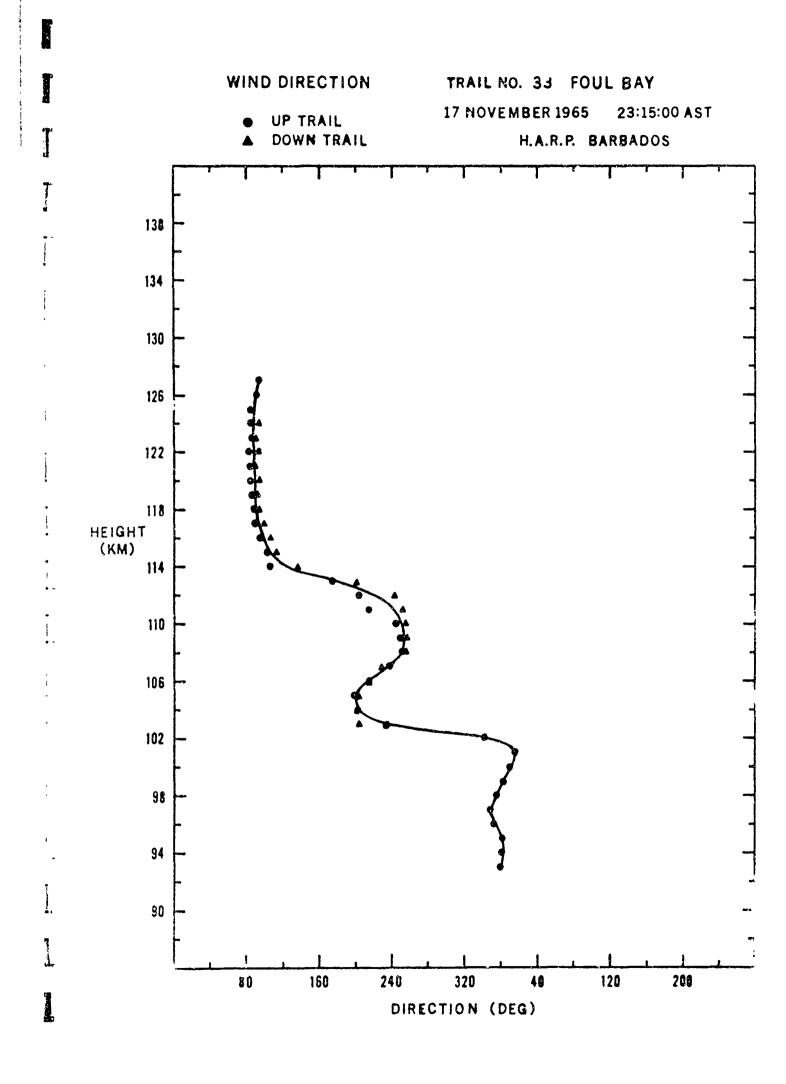
	WIND	WIND	WIND COMPONENTS (M/S)			
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY		RAPHIC	MAGNETIC	
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-S	E-W	N-S	E-W
103.9	203.7	55.1	-50.4	-22 • 2	-44.9	-31.9
104.0	202.7	51.3	-47.3	-19.8	-42.3	-29.0
115.0	202.1	50.1	-46.4	-18.9	-41.6	-27.9
100.0	214.6	43.2	-35.6	-24.5	-29.9	-31.2
107.0	229∙⊎	34.9	-22.5	-26.7	-16.6	-30.7
168.5	256.0	26.5	-6.4	-25.7	-1 • 1	-26.5
100.0	258.4	22.0	-4-4	-21.5	0.0	-21.9
110.0	255.2	22.1	-5.7	-21.4	-1.3	-22.1
111.9	251.4	22.3	-7.1	-21.1	-2.7	-22.1
112.0	242 • 1	14.0	-6.5	-12.4	-4.0	-13.5
113.0	201.0	7.2	-6.7	-2.6	-6.0	-3.9
114.0	137.5	18.4	-13.6	12.4	-15.8	9.4
115.0	112.8	31.0	-12.0	28.6	-17.5	25.6
116.0	197.8	40.1	-12.3	38.2	-19.8	34.9
117.0	190.5	45.7	-8.4	44.9	-17.3	42.3
116.0	94.6	49.9	-4.0	49.7	-14.0	47.9
119.0	91.1	54.8	-1.1	54.8	-12.2	53.4
120.0	92 • 4	58.3	-2.5	58.2	-14.2	56.5
121.0	89.9	54.0	0.1	54.0	-10.8	52.9
122.0	91.4	58.7	-1.4	58.6	-13.2	57.1
123.0	90.6	58.2	-0.6	58.2	-12.4	56.9
124.0	93.0	64.7	-3.3	64.6	-16.3	62.6



.



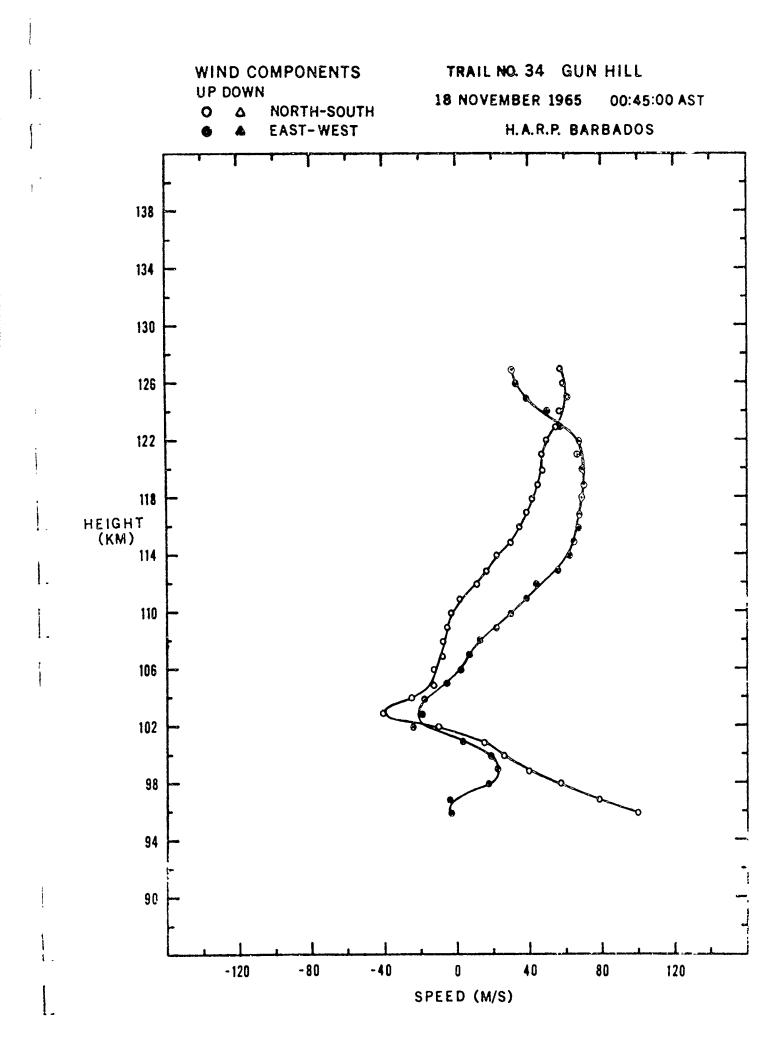
SPEED (M/S)



TRAIL NO. 34 GUN HILL

BARBADOS	18	NOVEMBER 1965	00-45-00 AST

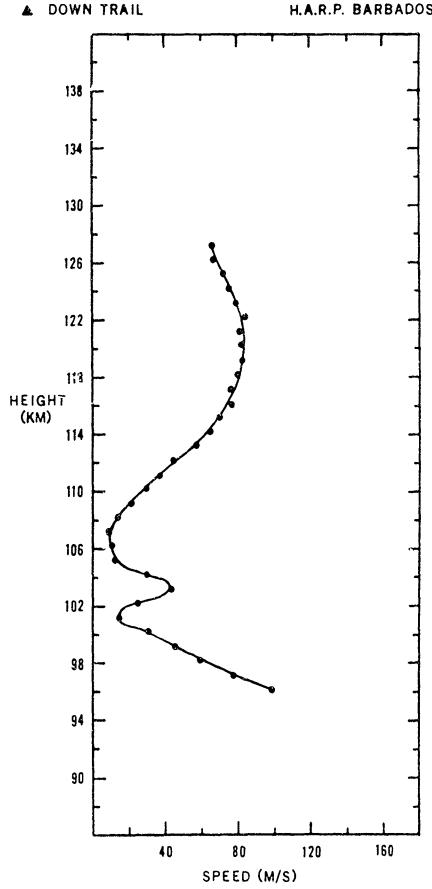
	WIND	MIND		WIND COMPON	ENTS (M/S)	
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY		RAPHIC		ETIC
(KM)	(DEG)	(H/S)	N-S	E-W	N-S	E-W
96.0	358.5	99.8	99.8	-2.7	98.3	17.5
97.0	357.1	78.4	78.3	-3.9	77.5	12.0
98.0	17.0	60.4	57.8	17.6	53.0	28.9
99.0	30.7	46.5	39.9	23.7	34.3	31.3
100.0	36.0	31.6	25.6	18.6	21.3	23.4
101.0	16.1	15.9	15.2	4 • 4	14.0	7.4
102.0	247.3	26.0	-10.0	-24.0	-4.9	-25.5
103.0	205.0	44.4	-40.2	-18.7	-35.6	-26.4
104.0	216.0	31.0	-25·0	-18.2	-20.8	-22.9
165.0	203.0	13.9	-12.8	-5.4	-11.4	-7.9
106.0	167.2	11.8	-11.5	2.6	-11.8	0.2
107.0	134.2	10.2	-7.1	7.3	-8.4	5.7
108.0	117.4	14.8	-6.8	13.2	-9.3	11.6
107.0	192.2	22.5	-4 • 8	22.0	-9.1	20.6
119.0	94 • 2	30.5	-2.3	30.4	-8.4	29.3
111.0	87.6	38.6	1.6	38.6	-6.2	38.1
112.0	76 • 1	45.5	11.0	44.2	1.8	45.5
113.0	73.9	58.3	16.2	56.0	4.5	58.1
114.0	70.1	65.6	22.4	61.7	9.5	65.0
115.0	65.7	71.2	29.3	64.9	15.6	69.5
116.0	66.0	85.4	34.7	78.0	18.2	83.4
117.0	60.2	77.0	38.3	66 • 8	24.0	73.2
118.0	58.5	80.6	42.0	68.7	27.2	75.8
119.0	57.3	83.5	45.1	70.3	30.0	78.0
120.0	55•9	83.2	46.6	68.9	31.7	76.9
121.0	54•5	81.9	47.6	66.7	33.1	74.9
122.9	53.3	85.0	50.8	68.1	36.0	77.0
123.0	46 • 8	80.0	54.8	58.3	41.9	68.2
124.9	41.5	76.2	57.0	50.5	45.6	61.0
125.9	32.3	73.3	61.9	39.2	52.7	50.9
126.0	29.1	67.6	59•1	32.9	51.2	44.2
127.0	28.2	66.2	58.3	31.2	50.8	42.3

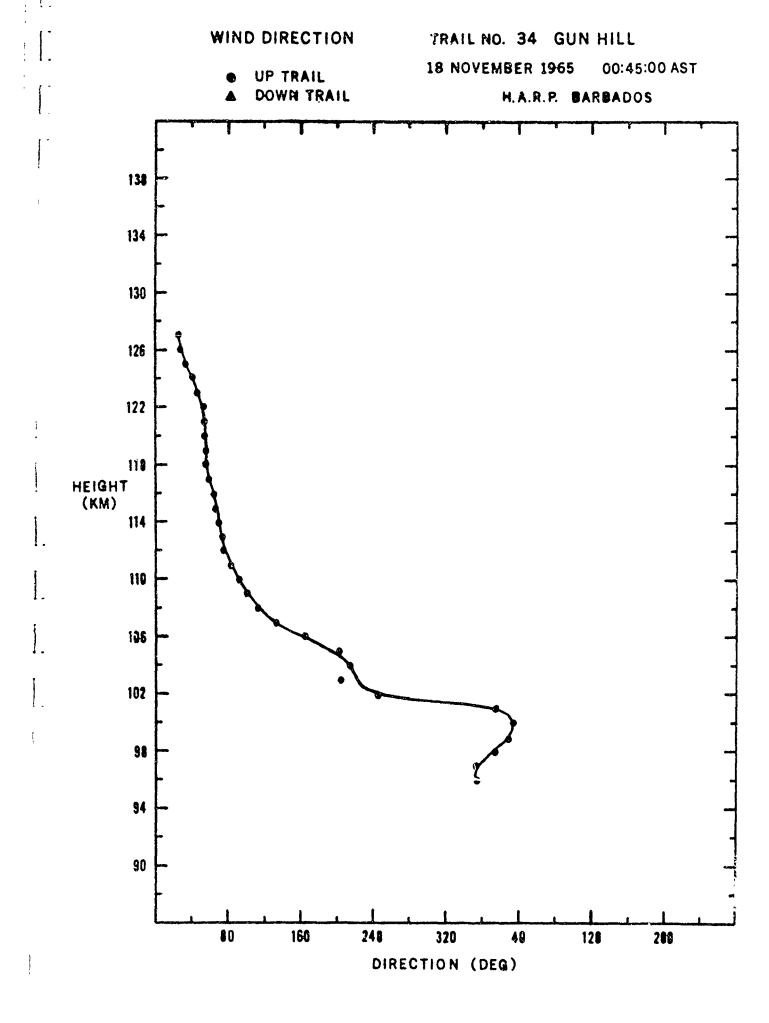


UP TRAIL

TRAIL NO. 34 GUN HILL

18 NOVEMBER 1965 00:45:00 AST





TRAIL NO. 35 INDIAN GROUND 18 NOVEMBER 1965

03-30-00 AST

73.9

BARBADOS

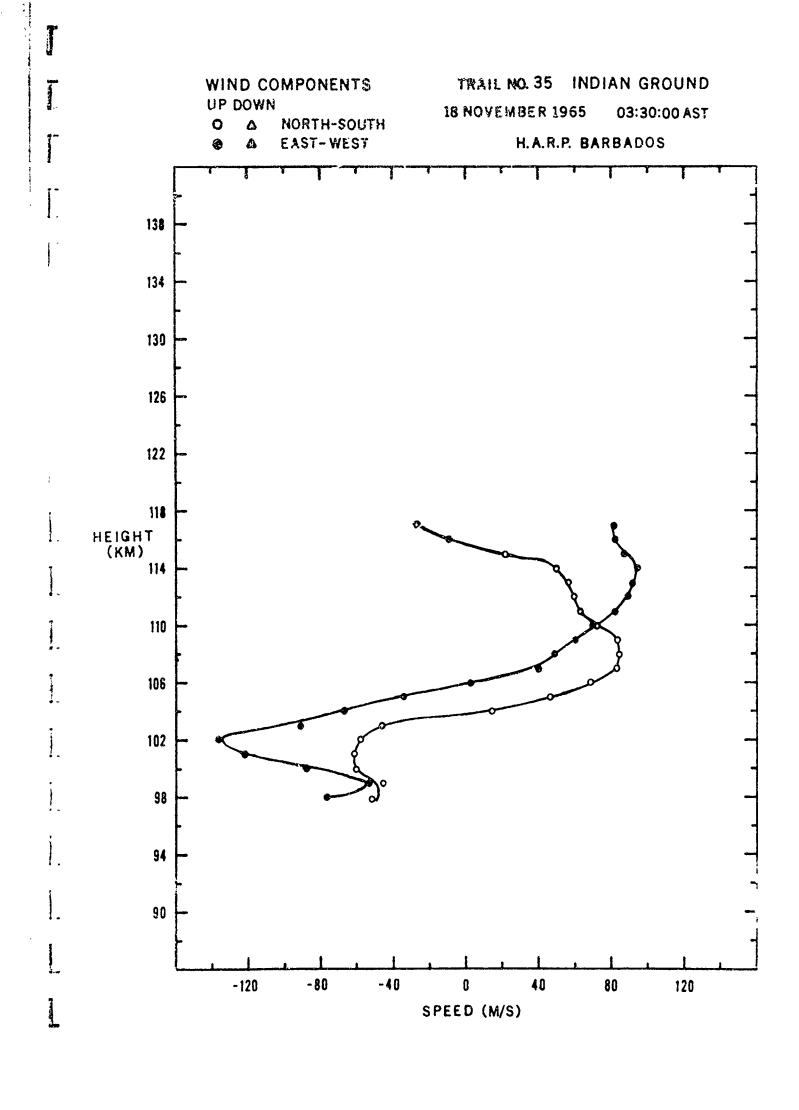
117.0

WIND COMPONENTS (M/S) WIND WIND GEOGRAPHIC MAGNETIC ALTITUDE HEADING VELOCITY N-S N-S E-W E-W (KM) (DEG) (M/S) -35.0 -85.1 236.0 -51.5 -76.3 98.0 92.1 -53.9 -34.1-62.1 99.0 70.8 -45.9 229.6 235.6 106.5 243.1 136.1 246.9 148.1 243.0 101.6 -60.2 -41.2 -98.2 -87.8 100.0 -131.3 -35.9 -61.7 -121.3 101.0 -58.0 -29.3 -145.1 -136.2 102.0 -98.3 -26.9 -90.8 -46.2 103.6 68.3 27.9 -62.314.7 -66.7 104.0 282.5 -34.3 -24.2 52.5 57.8 46.5 105.0 323.6 66.5 16.5 68.5 2.7 2 • 3 68.5 106.0 92.4 73.4 56.2 107.0 83.2 40.2 25.8 64.9 48.9 72.6 97.4 84.2 30.1 108.0 76.3 69.0 102.8 83.0 60.8 109.0 36.2 83.0 69.9 55.5 72.1 44.1 100.4 110.0 81.9 45.7 93.1 103.7 63.6 111.0 52.2 99. 40.4 107.2 59.6 89.1 56.2 112.0 107.6 106.5 89.2 101.3 56.3 36.6 91.8 113.0 58,5 102.2 94.1 29.8 49.9 62.0 1.4.0 89.2 86.5 3.8 89.1 75.9 21.7 115.0 78.3 96.8 82.6 198.8 85.8 -9.8 82.0 -26.2 110.0

-27.7

81.2

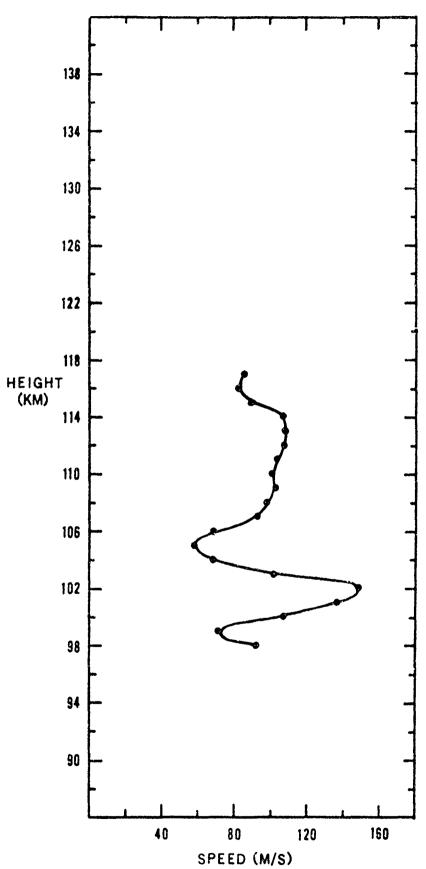
-43.5

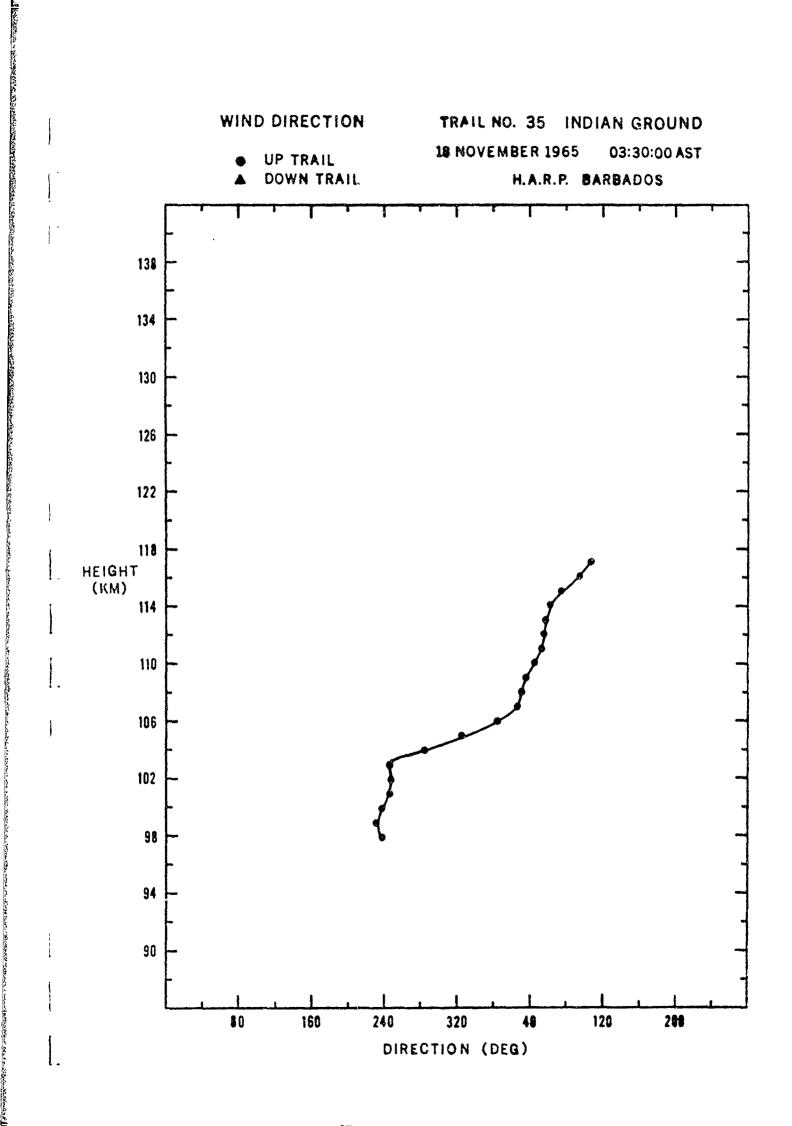


18 NOVEMBER 1965 03:30:00 AST

UP TRAIL

DOWN TRAIL



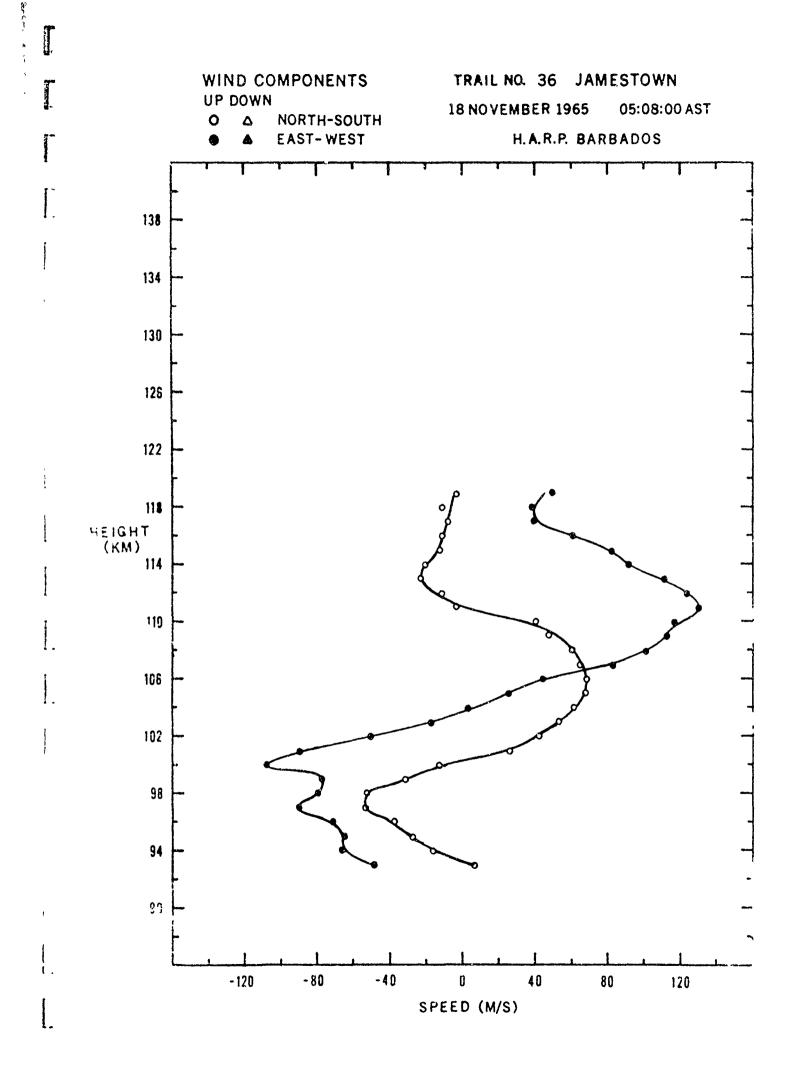


TRAIL NO. 36 JAMESTOWN

BARBADOS

18 NOVEMBER 1965 05-08-00 AST

	WIND	WIND	WIND COMPONENTS (M/S)						
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY	GEOG	RAPHIC	MAG	NETIC			
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-S	E-W	N-S	E – W			
93.0	278.0	49.0	6.9	-48.5	16.6	-46.1			
94.0	256.3	68.1	-16.2	-66 • 2	-2.5	-68.1			
95.0	247.4	70.4	-27 • 1	-65.0	-13.4	-69.1			
96.0	241.6	80.7	-38.4	-71.0	-23.2	-77.3			
91.0	239.4	104.9	-53.4	-90.3	-34.0	-99.2			
48.0	236.4	95.3	-52.7	-79.4	-35.6	-88.4			
· · · · · ·	248 • 1	83.3	-31.1	-77.3	-14.8	-82.0			
190.0	263.4	109.2	-12.5	-108.5	9 • 7	-108.8			
16:00	286.3	93.5	26.3	-89.7	43.9	-82.5			
192.0	309.7	65.9	42.1	-50.7	51.5	-41.1			
103.0	343.0	56.1	53.6	-16.4	5 5 • 8	-5.2			
.54.0	3 • 4	61.3	61.2	3 • 6	59.2	15.9			
105.0	20.6	72.8	68.1	25.6	61.5	38.8			
196.0	32.9	81.6	68.5	44.4	58.1	57.3			
107.0	51.9	105.5	65.0	83.0	46.9	94 +			
168.0	59.2	117.7	60.2	101.1	38.5	111.2			
109.0	66.9	122.0	47.9	112.3	24.2	119.7			
110.0	70.9	123.4	40.4	116.6	16.0	122.4			
111.0	91.7	130.5	-3.9	130.4	-30.2	126.9			
112.0	95•2	124.5	-11.3	124.0	-36.1	119.2			
113.0	191.6	113.9	-22.9	111.6	-45.0	104.7			
114.0	102.5	93.9	-20.2	91.7	-38.3	85.7			
115.0	98.9	83.5	-12.8	82.5	-29.2	78.2			
116.0	199.8	61.5	-11.5	60.4	-23.5	56.8			
117.0	191.3	40.2	-7.9	39.4	-15.7	37.0			
118.0	196.2	40.3	-11.2	38.7	-18.8	35.6			
119.0	94.4	49.5	-3.8	49.3	-13.7	47.5			

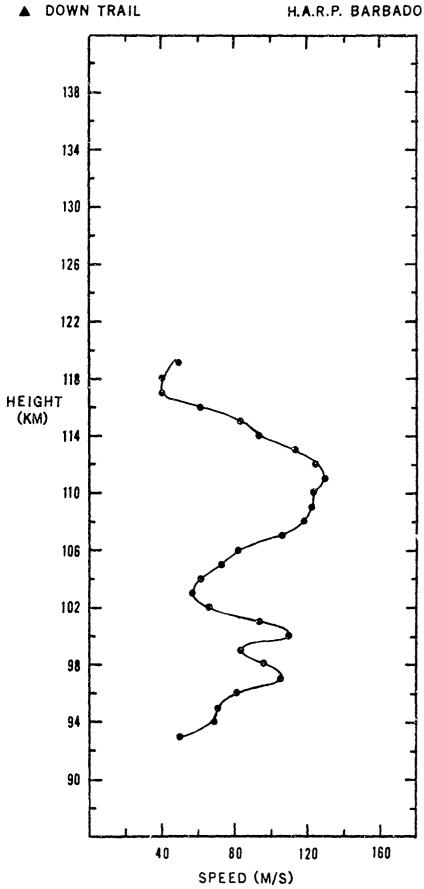


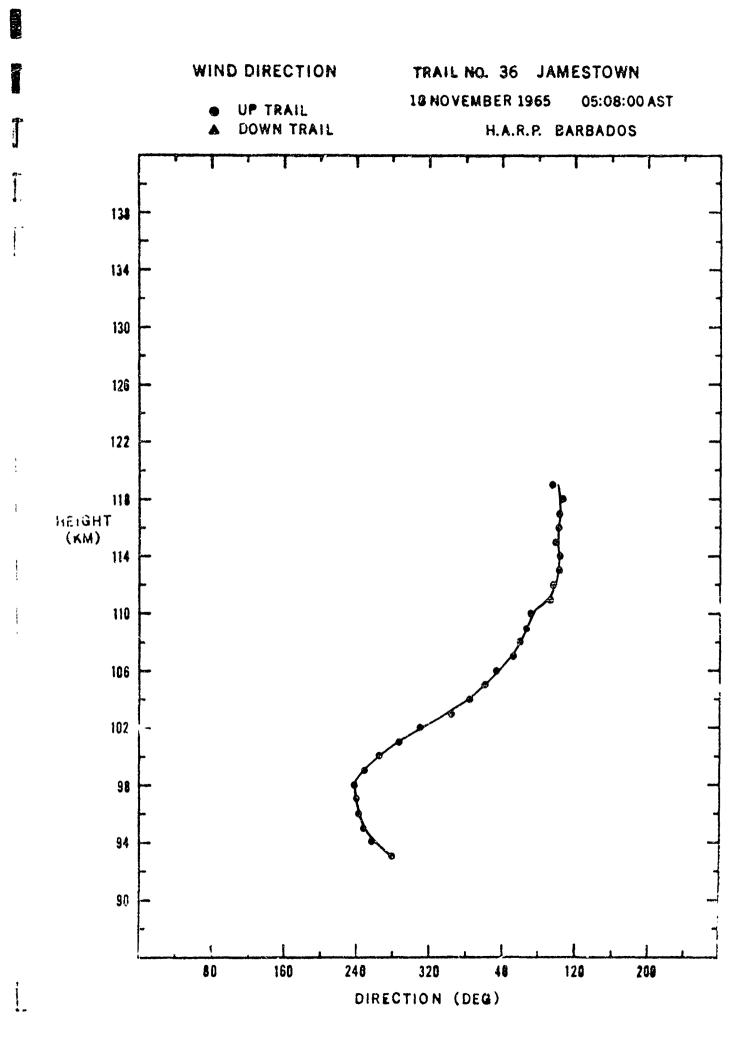


TRAIL NO. 36 JAMESTOWN

18 NOVEMBER 1965 UP TRAIL

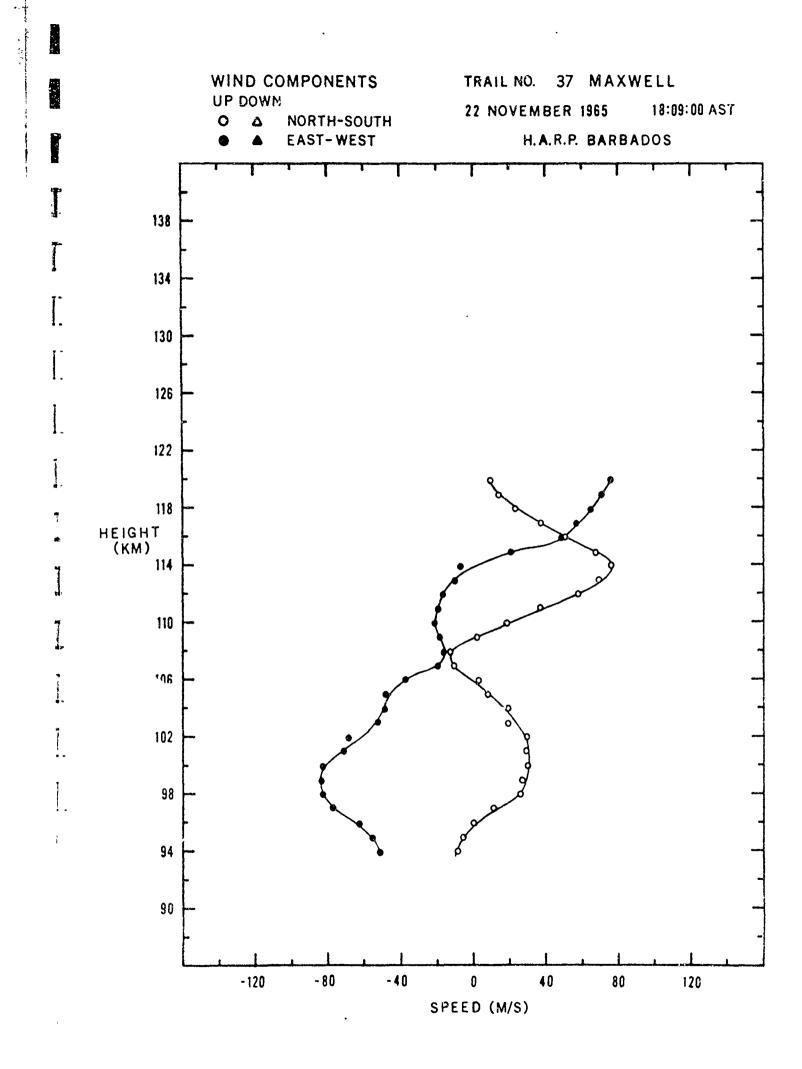
05:08:00 AST





TRAIL NO. 37 MAXWELL

	WIND	MIND	WIND COMPONENTS (M/S)				
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY	GEOG	RAPHIC	MAGR	OITB	
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-S	E-W	N-S	E-W	
94.0	261.4	51.7	-7.8	-51.1	2 • 7	-51.6	
95.0	264.9	55.5	-5.0	-55.2	6.3	-55.1	
96.0	279.6	62.7	0.7	-62.6	13.3	-61.2	
97.0	278 • 8	78.3	12.0	-77•4	27 • 4	-73.4	
98.0	287.6	86.6	26.2	-82.6	42 • 4	-75.6	
99.0	288.0	88.3	27.3	-84 • O	43.7	-76.7	
100.0	290.4	88.6	30.9	-83.0	47.0	-75.0	
101.0	292.4	76.4	29•2	-70.7	42.9	-63.3	
102.0	293.7	74.8	30.0	-68.5	43.2	-61.0	
103.0	290.9	55.7	19.8	-52 • 1	29.9	-47.0	
104.0	292.4	52.5	20.0	-48.6	29 • 4	-43.6	
105.0	280.6	49.3	9 • 1	-48.5	18.7	-45.7	
106.0	275.5	37.5	3 • 6	-37.3	11.1	-35.8	
107.0	242.7	21.4	-9•8	-19.0	-5.8	-20.6	
108.0	232.8	20.4	-12.3	-16 • 2	-8.8	-18.4	
199.0	289.1	19.0	3 • 3	-18.7	7.0	-17.6	
110.0	311.5	28.8	19.1	-21.6	23.1	-17.3	
111.0	332.9	42.1	37.5	-19.2	40.6	-11.2	
112.0	344.2	60.5	58.2	-16.5	60.3	-4.4	
113.0	352.5	70.6	70.0	-9.4	70•5	4.9	
114.0	355.5	76.8	76.6	-6 • 1	76.3	9.5	
115.0	17.2	72.1	68.8	21.3	63.1	34.8	
116.0	43.6	71.1	51.5	49.1	40.5	58.5	
117.0	56•7	68.7	37.7	57•4	25.3	63.8	
118.9	69.8	69.5	24.0	65.2	10.3	68.7	
119.0	78.4	72.6	14.6	71.2	-0.1	72.7	
120.0	82.6	76.8	9.9	76.2	-5.7	76.6	

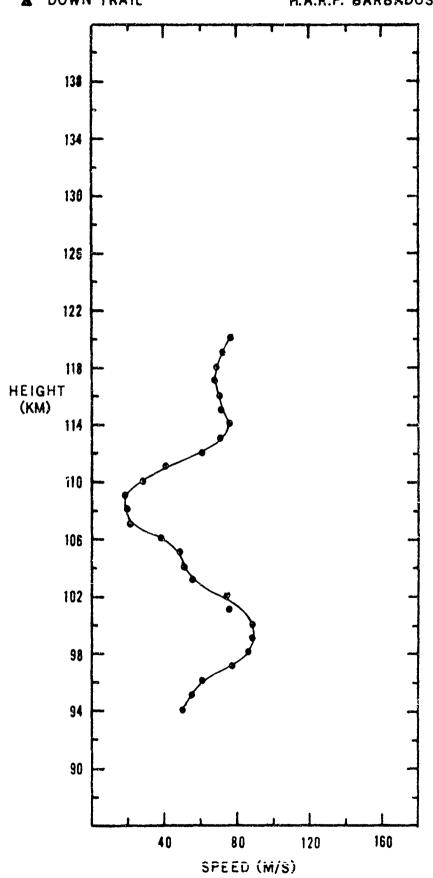


TRAIL NO. 37 MAXWELL

22 NOVEMBER 1965

18:09:00 AST



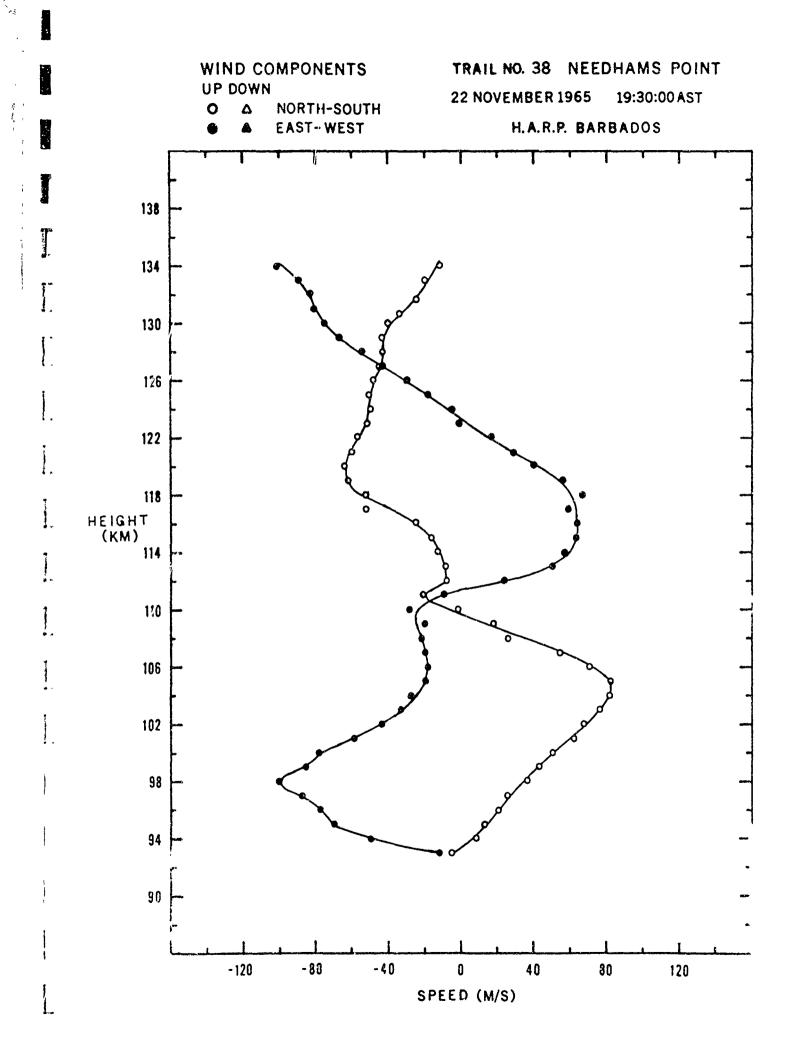


TRAIL NO. 37 MAXWELL WIND DIRECTION 22 NOVEMBER 1965 18:09:00 AST UP TRAIL DOWN TRAIL H.A.R.P. BARBADOS HEIGHT (KM) DIRECTION (DEG)

TRAIL NO. 38 NEEDHAM'S POINT 22 NOVEMBER 1965 19-30-00 AST

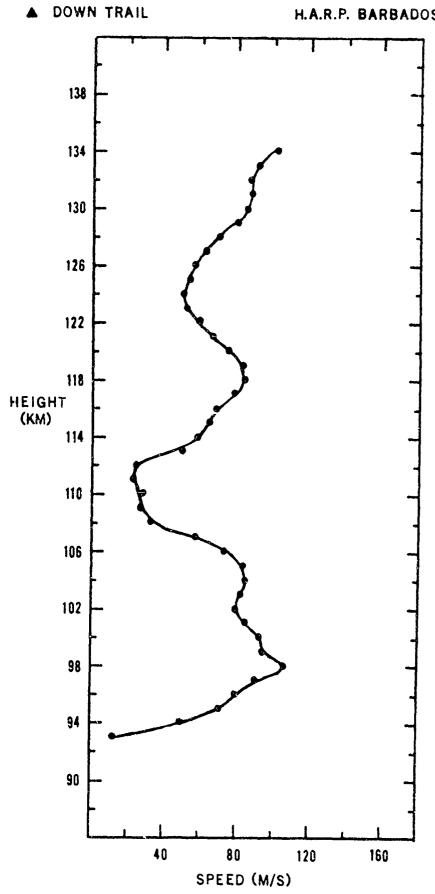
BARBADOS

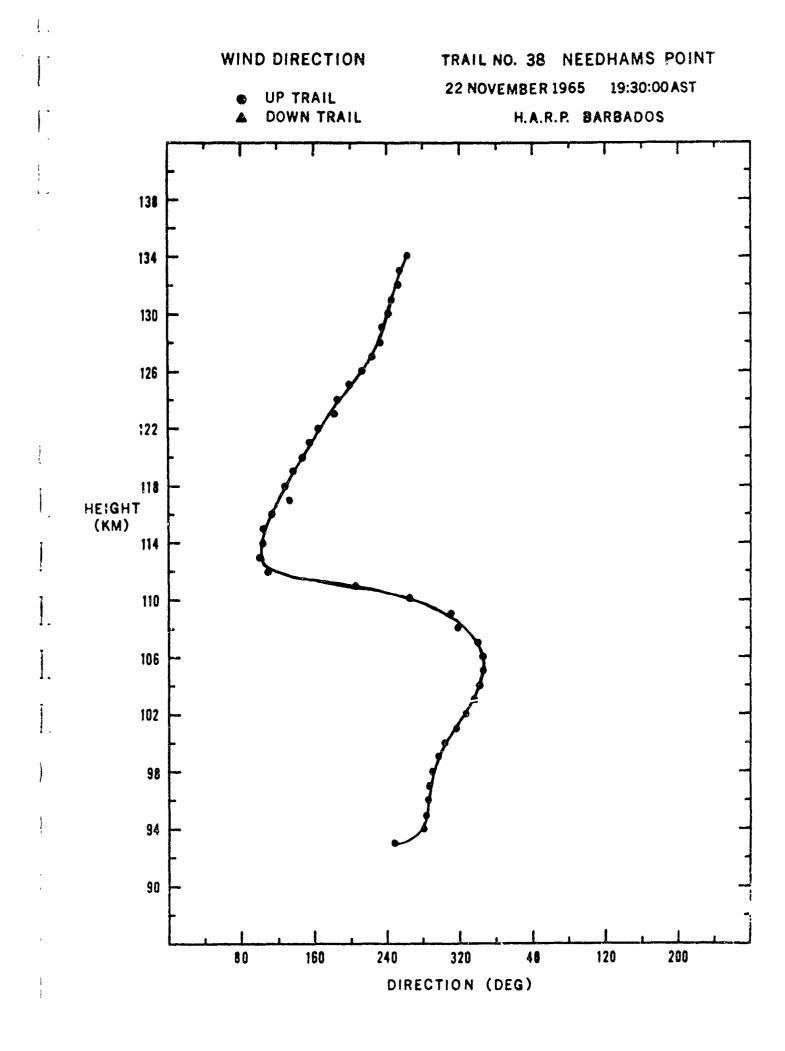
	WIND	WIND		WIND COMPON	NENTS (M/S)
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY		RAPHIC		NETIC
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-S	E-W	N-S	E-W
93.9	247.4	13.0	-5.0	-12.0	-2.5	-12.8
94.0	279.7	50.7	8.5	-49.9	18.4	-47.2
95.0	281 • 4	71.4	14.1	-70.0	28.0	-65.7
96.0	285.0	80.4	20.8	-77.6	36.1	-71.8
97.0	286.3	91.2	25.7	-87.5	42.9	-80.5
98.0	289.7	107.1	36.0	-100.9	55.7	-91.5
99.0	296 • 4	95.6	42.6	-85.6	59.0	-75.2
100.0	392.8	93.2	50.5	-78 • 4	65.3	-66.6
101.0	316.2	85.4	61.6	-59.1	72.3	-45.4
102.0	326.6	80.4	67.1	-44.3	74.7	-29.8
103.0	336.6	82.9	76.0	-33.0	81.1	-16.9
104.0	341.0	85.7	81.1	-27.9	85.1	-10.9
105.0	346.0	84.0	81.5	-20.3	83.9	-3.4
106.0	345.5	73.0	70.7	-18.2	72.9	-3.5
107.0	339.7	57.9	54.3	-20.1	57.2	-8.7
108.0	319.0	33.8	25.5	-22.2	29.5	-16.6
109.0	319.6	27.1	17.7	-20.6	21.5	-16.6
110.0	266.7	28.2	-1.6	-28.1	4 • 1	-27.8
111.0	205.6	23.4	-21.1	-10.1	-18.6	-14.2
112.0	109.8	25.0	-8.5	23.5	-13.1	21.3
113.0	199.0	50.6	-8.8	49.9	-18.7	47.1
114.0	103.0	58.2	-13.1	56.7	-24.3	52.9
115.9	194.8	65.0	-16.6	62.9	-29.0	58 • 2
116.0	112.1	68.5	-25.8	63.5	-38.1	57.0
117.0	132.1	78.6	-52.7	58.3	-63.4	46.4
118.0	128.8	84.6	-53.0	66.0	-65.3	53.9
119.0	138.2	83.9	-62.6	55.9	-72.6	42.1
126.0	148.0	75.1	-64 • 1	39 • 1	-70.7	25.3
121.0	155.0	66.7	-60.5	28.2	-65.0	15.4
122.0	164.3	59.3	-57.1	16.0	-59•2	4.1
123.0	182.3	52.4	-52.3	-2.1	-50.8	-12.6
124.0	185.9	50.9	-50.7	-5.2	-48 • 6	-15.3
125.0	199.9	54.5	-51.2	-18.6	-46 • 4	-28.6
126.0	212.5	57.0	-48.1	-30.7	-40.9	-39.8
127.0	224.3	62.9	-45.0	-43.9	-35.2	-52.1
128.0	232.2	70.1	-43.0	-55.4	-30.9	-63.0
129.0	236.6	80.4	-44.3	-67.2	-29.8	-74.8
130.0	242.0	85.6	-40.2	-75.6	-24.1	-82.2
131.0	247.2	87.8	-34.0	-81.0	-16.9	-86.2
132.0	253.6	86.9	-24.5	-83 • 4	-7.1	-86.6
133.9	256+9	91.9	-20.9 -13.0	-89.5	-2 • 4	-91.9
134.0	263.3	102.2	-12.0	-101.5	8 • 8	-101.8



UP TRAIL

TRAIL NO. 38 NEEDHAMS POINT **22 NOVEMBER 1965** 19:30:00 AST



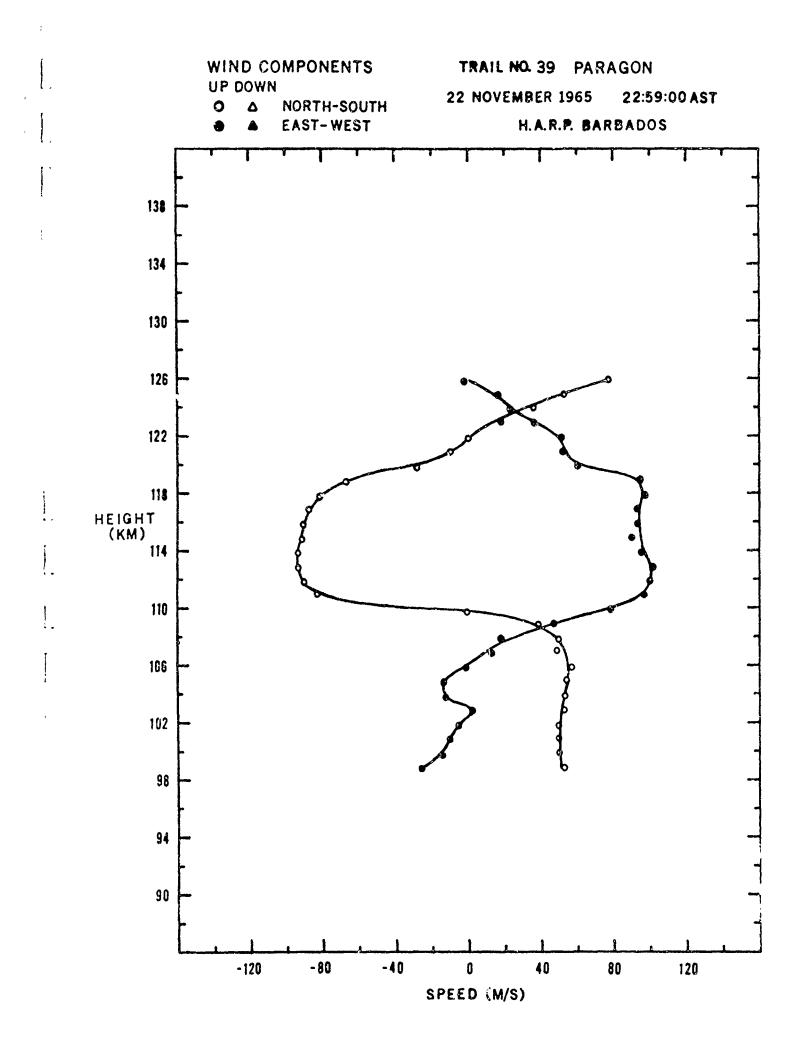


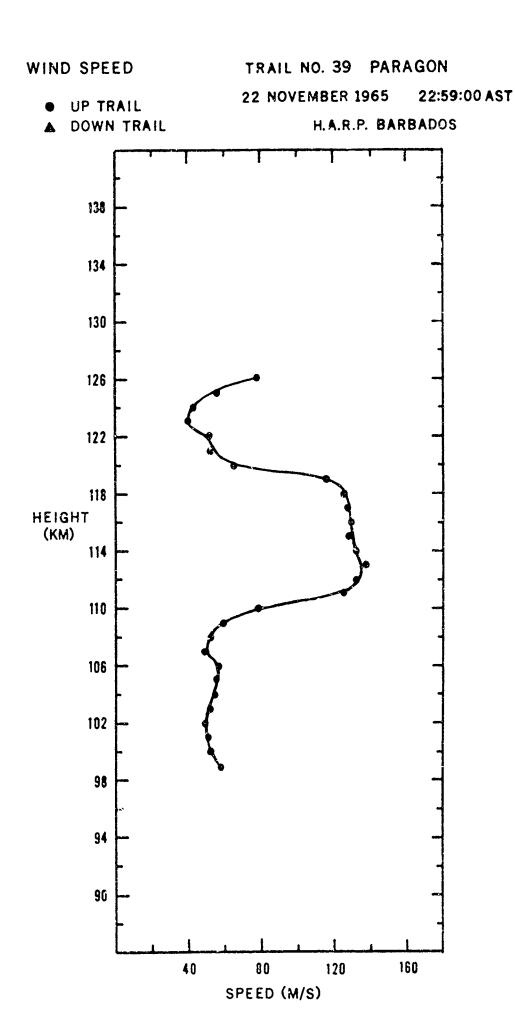
TRAIL NO. 39 PARAGON

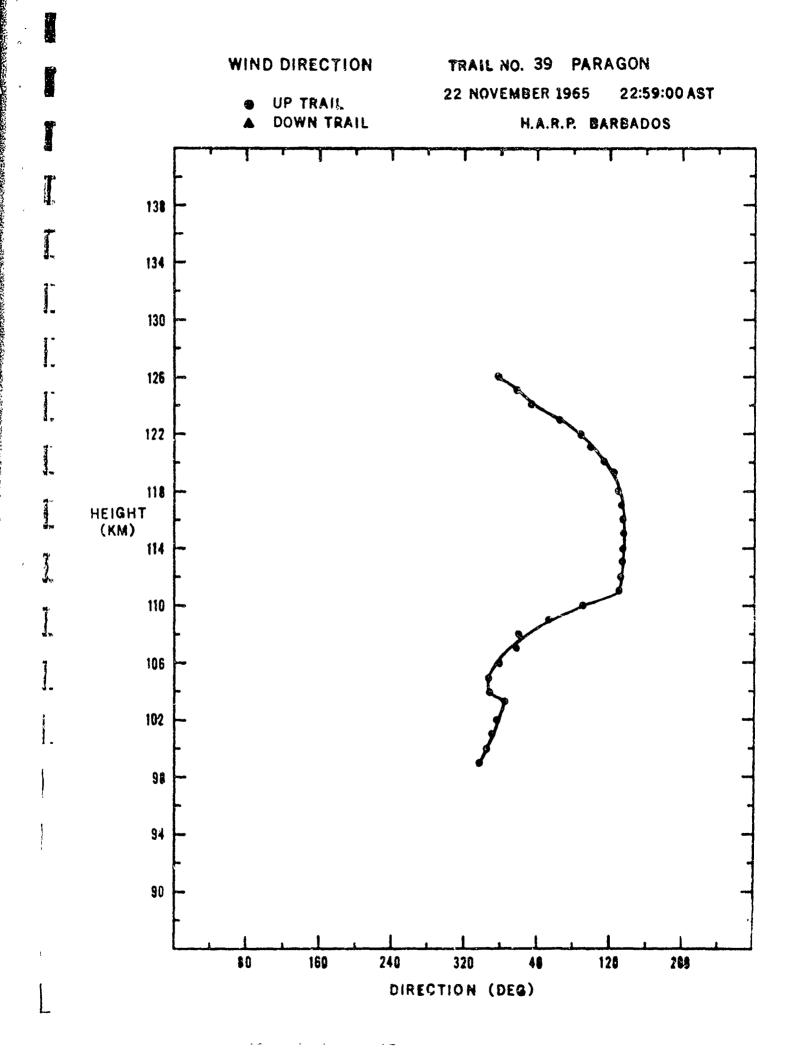
BARBADOS

22 NOVEMBER 1965 22-59-00 AST

	WIND	WIND	WIND COMPONENTS (M/S)				
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY	GEOGI	RAPHIC	MAGN	ETIC	
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-S	E-W	N-S	E-W	
99.0	334.1	59.0	53.0	-25.8	57.1	-14.5	
100.0	344.3	52.9	50.9	-14.3	52.7	-3.7	
101.0	349•4	51.6	50.7	-9.5	51.6	0.9	
192.9	354.3	50.6	50.3	-5.0	50.3	5.3	
103.0	3 • 3	53.1	53.0	3.0	51.3	13.7	
104.0	348.3	55.1	54.0	-11.2	55.1	0.0	
105.0	346.8	56.4	54.9	-12.9	56 • 4	-1.5	
106.0	358.7	57.6	57.5	-1.3	56 • 6	10.4	
107.0	15.6	49.9	48 • 1	13.5	44.4	22.9	
108.0	19.9	53.4	50.2	18.2	45.5	28.0	
109.0	51.5	60.6	37.7	47.4	27.3	54.0	
110.0	90.0	78.7	0.0	78.7	-15.9	77.1	
111.0	130.0	126.7	-81.4	97.1	-99.4	78.6	
112.0	131.3	133.6	-88.1	100.4	-106.6	80.5	
113.0	132.2	137.9	-92.7	102 • 1	-111 • 4	81.2	
114.0	134.2	133.1	-92.7	95.5	-110.1	74.8	
115.0	135.0	129.0	-91.2	91.1	-107.7	70.8	
116.0	133.2	130.1	-89•2	94•8	-106.5	74.8	
117.0	132.4	128.5	-86.7	94.9	-104.1	75.4	
118.0	129.2	126.6	-80.0	98 • 1	-98 • 2	79.9	
119.0	124.6	116.2	-66.0	95•7	-84.0	80.4	
120.0	114.2	66.7	-27.4	60 .8	-39 • 1	54.0	
121.0	98•6	54.3	-8 • 2	53.7	-18.9	50.9	
122.0	89.2	53.4	0.8	53 • 4	-10.0	52.5	
123.0	64.8	41.5	17.7	37.5	9.8	40.3	
124.0	33.8	44.4	37.0	24.7	31.2	31.7	
125.0	18.9	56.7	53.7	18.4	48 • 9	28.9	
126.0	358.8	78.9	78.9	-1.7	77.6	14.3	

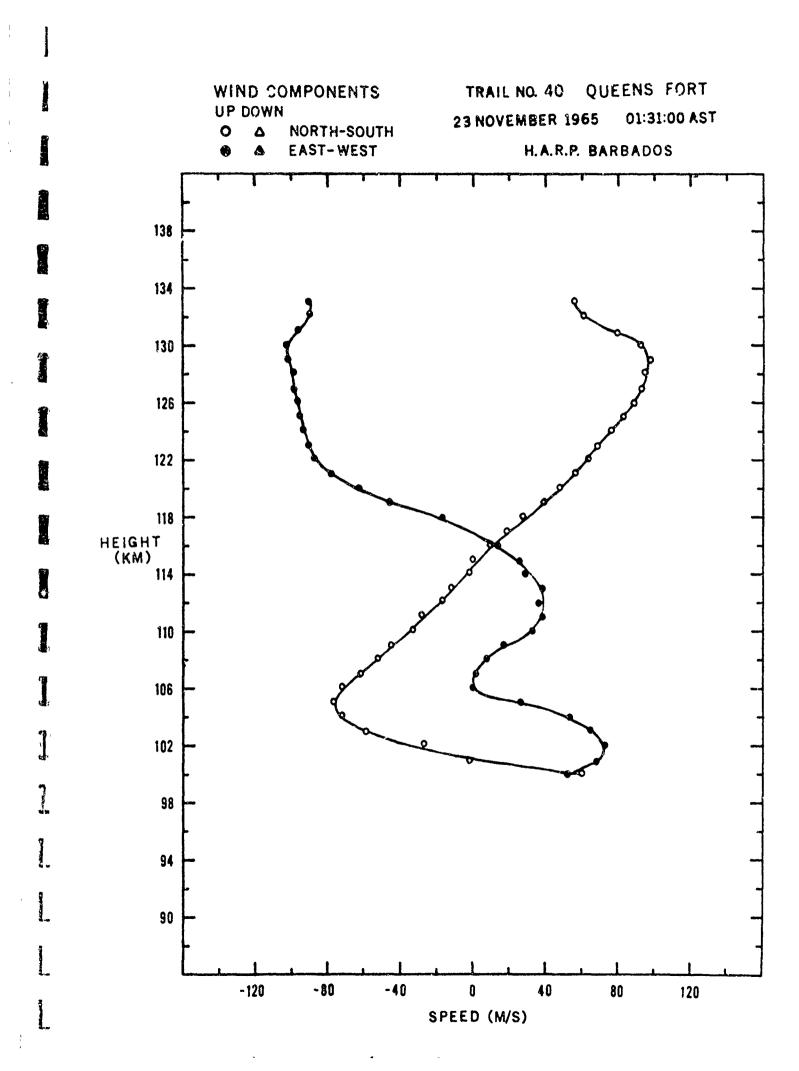




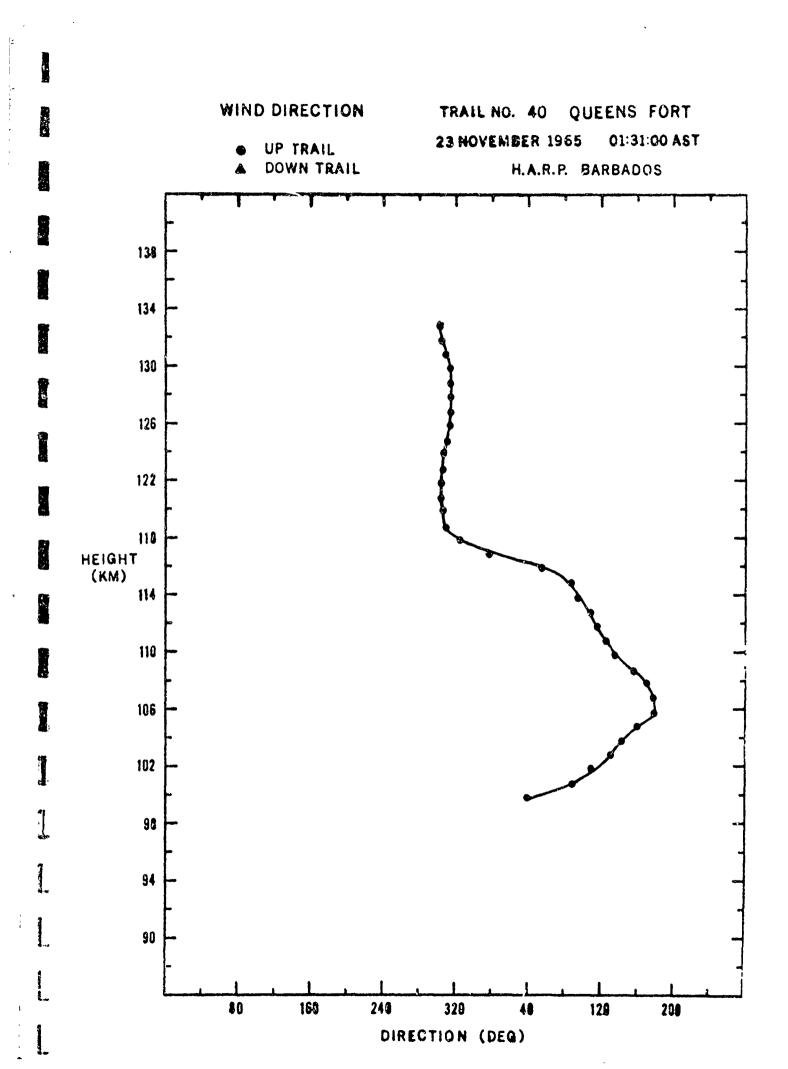


BARBADOS

	WIND	WIND	\$	RIND COMPON	ENTS (M/S)	
ALTITUDE	HEA! ING	VELOCITY		APHIC		ETIC
(KM)	10861	(M/S)	M-5	E-#	M-5	E-W
.00.0	4, 40	75.3	29.5	55.70	47.9	62.8
101.0	91.3	69.7	? · 5	56.5	-15.2	66.4
102.0	119.8	76.4	-27.32	71.5	-41.0	64.5
103.0	132.9	86.9	-59.2	63.6	-70.8	50.3
104.0	144.5	90.3	-73.5	52.4	-82 06	36.5
105.0	161.3	81.6	-77•2	26•2	-80.9	10.0
196.9	180.3	72.4	-72.4	-0.3	-70.8	-14.9
107.0	179.4	63.3	-63.3	0.7	-62 · 1	-12 • 1
108.0	172.8	54.2	-53.8	6 • 8	-54.1	-4,2
109.0	159.4	49.4	-46 • 3	17.4	-48 • 9	7.7
110.0	136.3	46.8	-33.8	32.3	-39 • 6	24.8
111.9	127.8	47.6	-29.2	37.6	-36.2	30.9
112.0	116.8	40.5	-18.3	36 • 2	-25.2	31.8
113.0	199.8	39.4	-13.4	37.0	-20.6	33.5
114.0	94.6	27.7	-2.2	27.6	-7.7	26.6
115.0	89.1	25.4	0.4	25•4	-4.7	25.0
116.0	55•8	16.2	9.1	13.4	6 • 2	15.0
117.0	359.2	18.2	18.2	-0.3	17.9	3.4
118.9	325 • 1	32.1	26.3	-18 • 4	29.5	-12.7
119.0	310.i	59.6	38•4	-45 • 6	46.8	-36.9
120.0	396.3	78.8	46•7	-63.5	58 • 6	-52.7
121.0	304.9	96.4	55•2	-79 • 1	70.1	-66.3
122.0	305.0	108.5	62.2	-88 • 8	78.9	-74.4
123.0	306.0	113.9	66.9	-92•2	84.2	-76.8
124.0	308.3	120.8	74.8	-94.9	92 • 4	-77.8
125.0	310.4	125.4	81.3	-95.5	98.9	-77.1
126.0	311.8	131.5	87.7	-98.0	105.7	-78.2
127.0	313.2	136.4	93•4	-99.5	111.6	-78.6
128.0	313.3	136.7	93.7	-99.5	111.9	-78.5
129.0	313.2	140.8	96.4	-102.6	115.2	-81.0
130.0	311.5	139.2	92.1	-104.3	111.3	-83.5
131.0	309.2	125.1	79.0	-97.0	97.0	-79.0
132.0	303.1	108.9	59.5	-91.2	76.7	~77.3
133.0	300.7	106.8	54.6	-91 • 8	72.0	-78.9

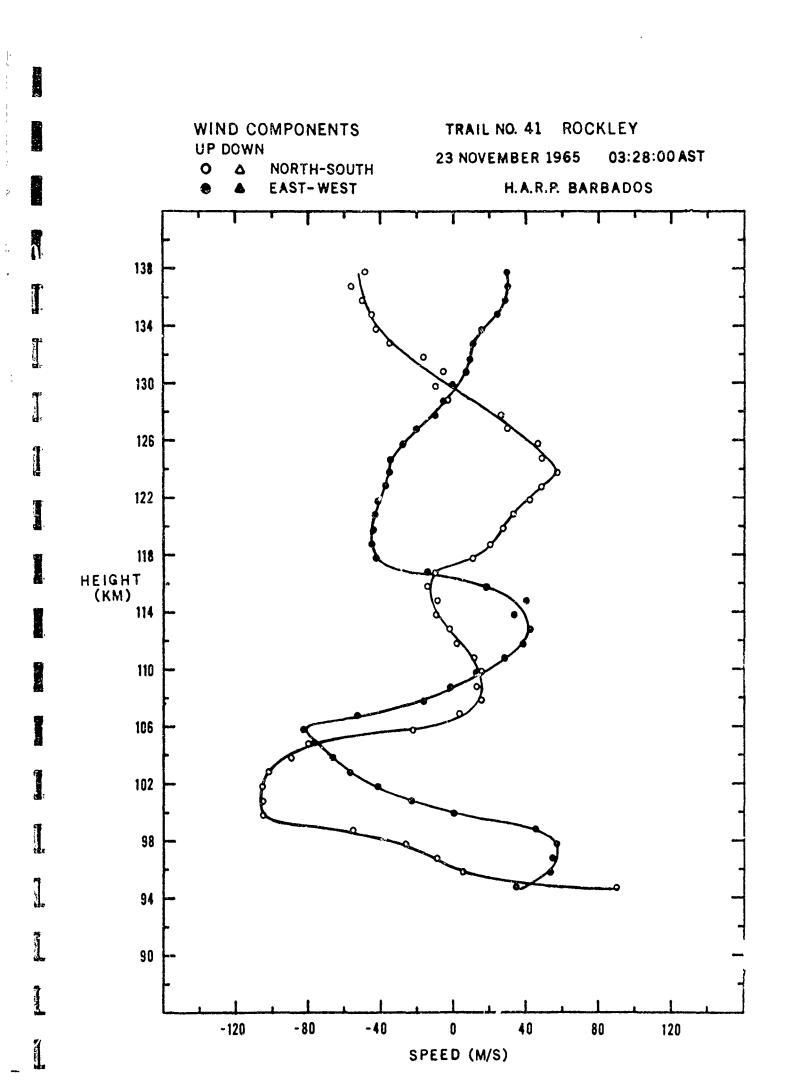


WIND SPEED TRAIL NO. 40 QUEENS FORT 23 NOVEMBER 1965 01:31:00 AST UP TRAIL DOWN TRAIL H.A.R.P. BARBADOS HEIGHT (KM) SPEED (M/S)



23 NOVEMBER 1965 03-28-00 AST

	MIND	WIND		WIND COMPO	NENTS (M/S)	i
ALTITUDE	HEADING	VELOCITY	GEO	GRAPHIC		IETIC
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-S	/ E-W	N-5	C-W
95.0	21.2	97.1	90.5	/ 35.2	81.5	52.8
96.0	83,6	54.4	6.1	54.0	-4.9	54,1
97.0	98.3	55.4	-8.1	54.9	-19.0	52.1
98.0	114.4	63.2	-26.1	57.5	-37.2	51.0
99.€	140.3	71,9	-55.3	45.9	-63.4	33.8
100.0	179.8	105.1	-105.1	0.3	-103.0	-21.0
101.0	192.4	107.9	-105.4	-23.2	-98.5	-44.0
102.0	201.5	113.5	-105.6	-41.6	-95.0	-62.1
103.0	209.5	116.7	-101.6	-57.5	-87.9	-76.9
104.0	216.7	111.7	-89.5	-66.8	-74.1	-83.5
105.0	223.9	110.8	-79.8	-76.9	-62.6	-91.4
106.0	255.1	85.7	-22.1	-82.8	-4.9	-85.6
107.0	274.4	53.4	4.1	-53.3	14.8	-51,4
108.0	313.1	23.0	15.7	-16.8	18.8	-13.3
109.0	348.4	13.3	13.0	-2.7	13.3	0.0
110.0	40.0	19.9	15.2	12.8	12.3	15.6
111.0	67.8	30.4	11.9	28.0	6.0	29.8
112.0	87.5	38.6	1.7	38.6	-6.1	38.1
113.0	91.8	42.7	-1.3	42.6	-9.9	
114.0	105.1	35.0	-9.1	33.8	-15-7	41.5
115.0	191.8	40.9	-8.4	40.1	-16.3	31.3
116.0	127.9	23.8	-14.6	18.8	-18.1	37.6
117.0	236.1	17.9	-10.0	-14.9	-6.8	15.5
118.0	283.5	44.5	10.4	-43.2	18.9	-16.6
119.0	294.7	49.9	20.9	-45.3	29.6	-40.2
120.0	301.4	52.6	27.4	-44.9		-40.1
121.0	307.5	54.5	33.1	-43.3	35•9	-38 • 4 -35 7
122.0	316.5	58.0	42.1	-40.0	41 • 2	-35.7
123.0	321.4	61.7	48.2	-38.5	49.3	-30.7
124.0	327.6	66.5	56.1	-35 • 6	55•0	-28.0
125.0	322.8	60.3	48.0	-36 • 5	62 • 1	-23.5
126.9	328.2	54.0	45.9	-28 • 5	54.4	-26.0
127.0	325.9	36.3	30.1	-20.4	50•7	-18.6
128.0	338.4	27.5	25.6		33.6	-13.9
129.0	249.1	7.3	-2.6	-10.1	27.1	-4.7
130.0	188.7	10.3	-10.2	-6 • 8 -1 · 6	-1.2	-7.2
131.0	129.5	9.0		-1.6	-9 • 7 7 • 0	-3.6
132.0	151.5	18.3	-5.7 -16.1	6•9	-7.0	5.6
133.0	163.2	36.0	-34.5	8 • 7 10 • 4	-17.5 -35.9	5.3
134.0	169.5	45.0	-42.4	15.0		3.2
135.0	151.7	51.0	-42•4 -44•9		-44 • 6 -48 • 0	6.1
136.0	151.0	57.0	-44·9 -49·9	24•2 27•6	-48 • 9 -54 · 5	14.6
137.0	152.2	64.0	-56·6		-54.5	16.9
138.0	149.1	56.9	-48·9	29÷9	-61.5	17.8
17010	7 A A A A	JU . 7	-40 · 7	29 • 2	-53.8	18.7



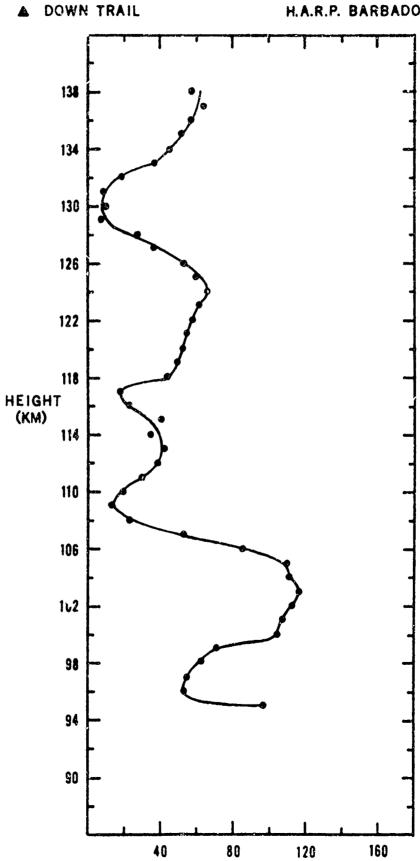
UP TRAIL

TRAIL NO. 41 ROCKLEY

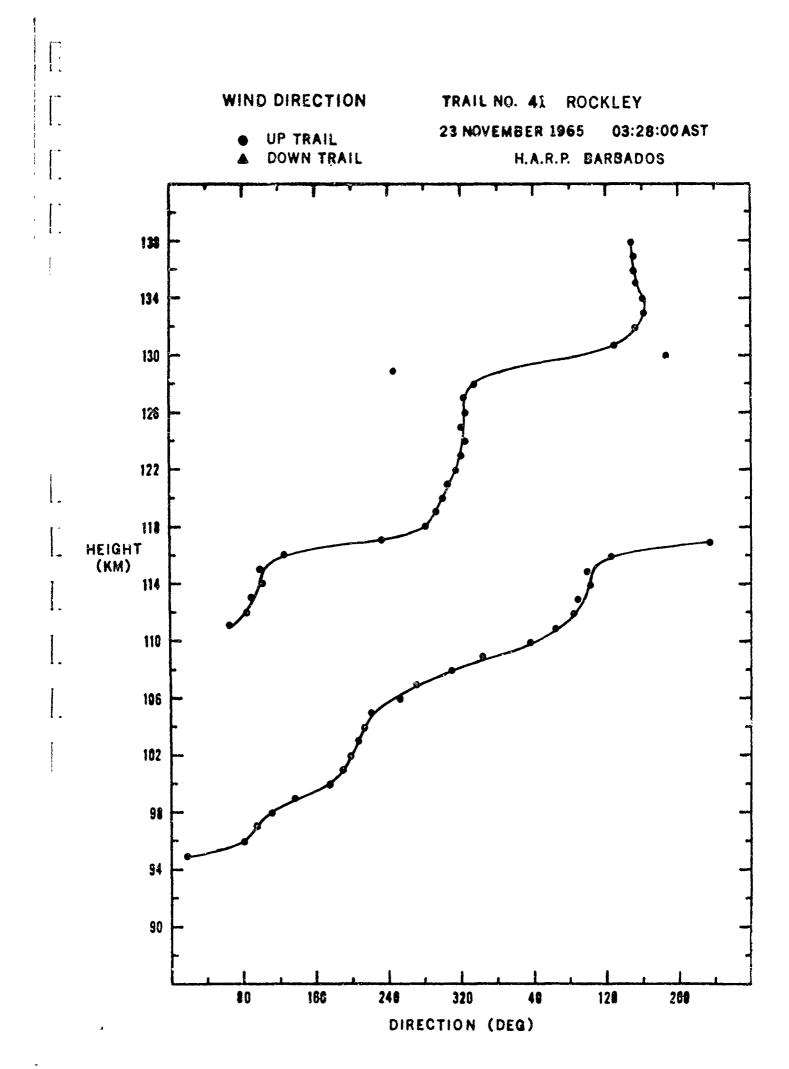
23 NOVEMBER 1965

H.A.R.P. BARBADOS

03:28:00 AST

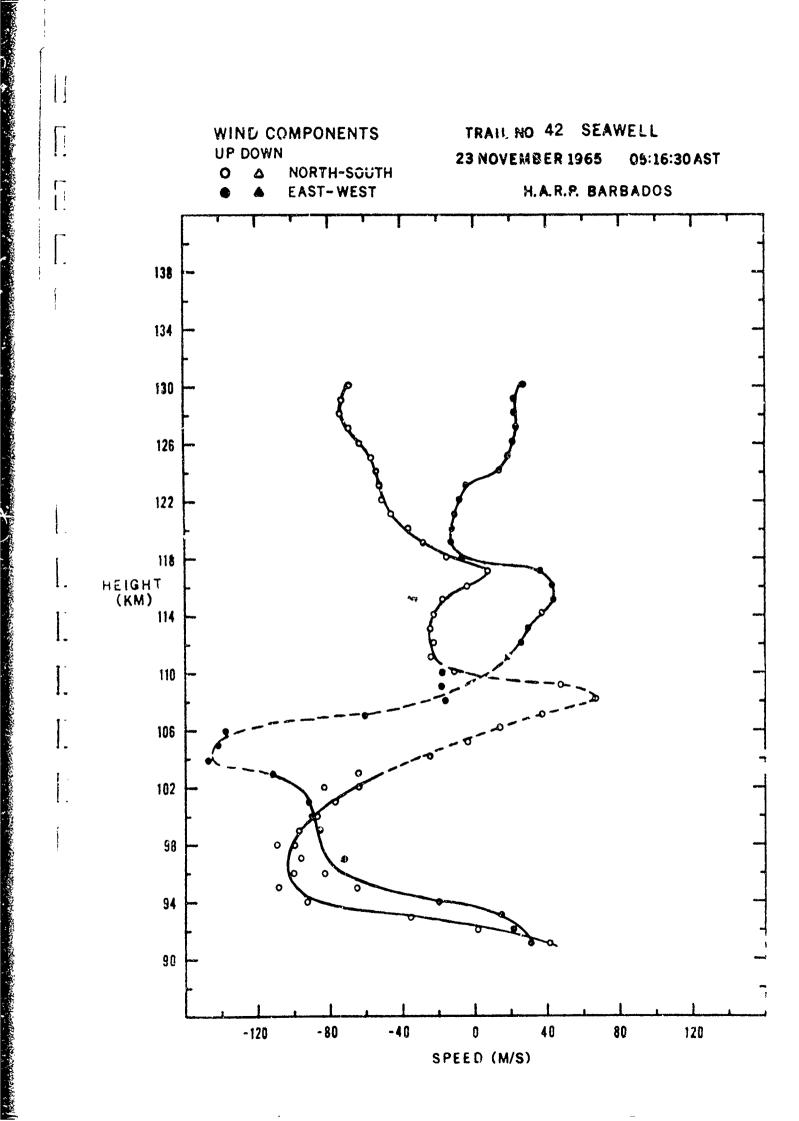


SPEED (M/S)



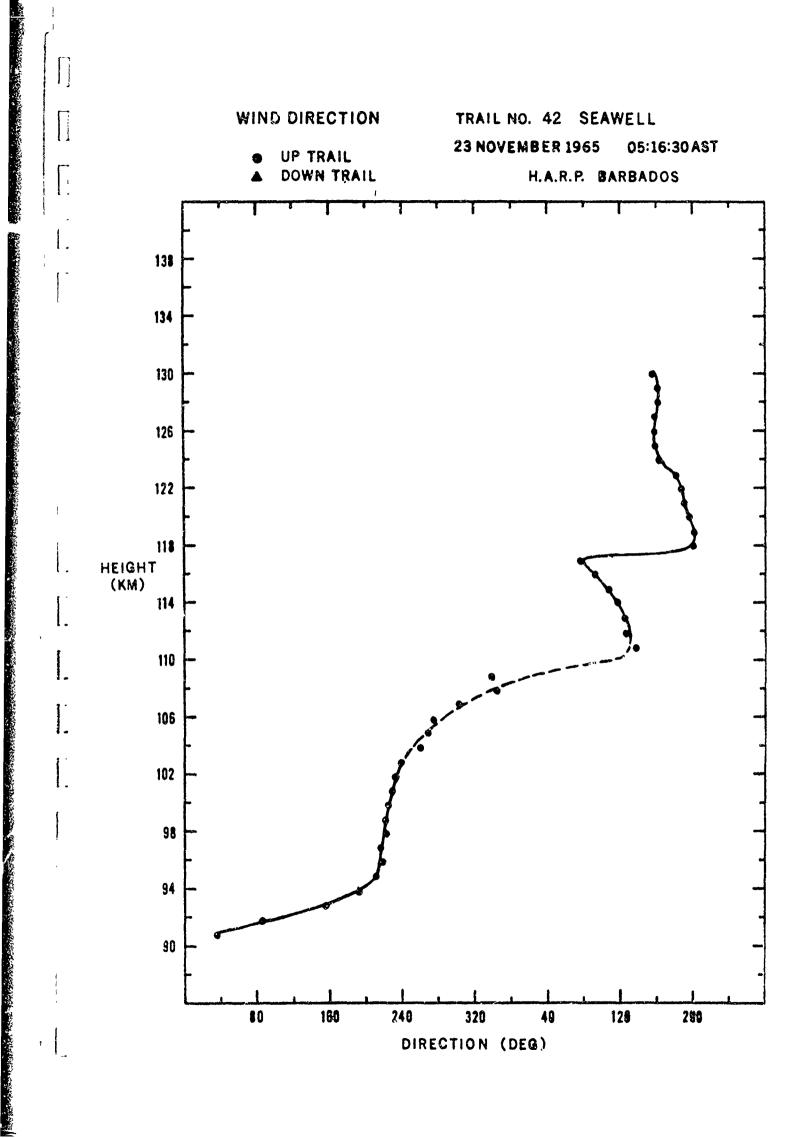
23 NOVEMBER 1965 05-16-30 AST

	WIND	WIND		WIND COMPON	NENTS (M/S	}
ALTITUBE	HEADING	VELOCITY	GEOG	RAPHIC	MAG	NETIC
(KM)	(DEG)	(M/S)	N-S	E-W	N-S	E-W
91.0	36.1	51.4	41.6	30.3	34.6	38.1
92.0	85.8	21.1	1.5	21.1	-2.8	21.0
93.0	157.1	37.8	-34.9	14.7	-37.2	7.3
94.0	192.1	94.8	-92.7	-19.9	-86.8	-38.2
95.0	211.1	126.4	-108.3	-65.2	-92.9	-85.8
96.9	219.5	130.6	-100.7	~83.1	-81.8	-101.7
97.0	216.9	120.6	-96.5	-72 • 4	-79.9	-90.4
98.9	222.3	147.5	-109.1	-99.2	-86.8	-119.2
49. 9	221.3	129.4	-97.2	-85.4	-77.9	-103.3
100.0	225.9	125.6	-87.4	-90.2	-67.4	-106.0
101.0	230.0	119.7	-76.9	-91.7	-56.8	-105.4
132.0	232.3	105.0	-64.02	-83.1	-46.1	-94.4
103.0	239.8	128.5	-64.5	-111.1	-40.7	-121.8
194.9	260.7	148.8	-24.2	-146.8	6.0	-148.7
195.0	268•4	141.2	-3.9	-141.2	24.7	-139.1
196.0	276.0	137.8	14.5	-137.0	41.9	-131.2
197.0	302.1	71.2	37.9	-60.4	49.3	-51.5
. 35.0	346.9	69.3	67.5	-15.7	69•3	-1.7
199.0	340.2	51.6	48.6	-17.5	51.1	-7.3
	237.8	19.4	-10.4	-16.4	-6.9	-18.2
111.0	149.0	30.6	-23.4	19.6	-26.9	14.5
132.0	129.3	34.6	-21.9	26.8	-26.9	21.8
113.0	128.1	38.9	-23.9	30.6	-29.6	25.1
114.9	119.4	43.7	-21.5	38.1	-28 • 8	33.0
1:500	110.2	47.8	-16.5	44.8	-25.2	40.5
1-6.0	94.1	44•Ż	-3•2	44 • 1	-12.1	42.5
117.0	77.4	38.5	8 • 4	37.6	0.6	38.5
118.0	292.0	15.1	-14.0	-5.7	-12.6	-8.4
119.0	202.5	29.1	-25.9	-11.2	-24.1	-16.4
129.0	197.2	36.8	-35.2	-10.9	-32.3	-17.8
121.0	191.6	45.3	-44.3	-9.1	-41.5	-17.9
122.0	187.8	49.6	-49.2	-6.7	-46.8	-16.5
123.0	183.3	51.1	-51.0	-2.9	-49.4	-13.2
124.0	163.7	54.9	-52.7	15.4	-54.7	4.4
125.0	159.7	58.8	-55 • 1	20.4	-58.1	8.8
126.0	159.3	65.7	-61.4	23.3	-64.8	10.4
127.6	159.7	72.2	-67.7	25 • 1	-71 • 4	10.9
128.0	161.5	76.4	-72.5	24.2	-75.9	9.0
129.0	161.0	75.2	-71.1	24.5	-74.6	9.6
130.0	156.7	73.7	-67.7	29.1	-72.2	14.8



WIND SPEED TRAIL NO. 42 SEAWELL **23 NOVEMBER 1965** 05:16:30 AST UP TRAIL DOWN TRAIL H.A.R.P. BARBADOS HEIGHT (KM)

SPEED (M/S)



	• •	^	•	a.	^	•	7	~	7	~	_
U	13		1	là	`	`	1	ŀ	ı	ŀ	11

Security Classification	M SCHOOL SHIP CONTRACTOR	er erener, heldringerretreinene	ar alanamana caariil
DOCUMENT CONT	ROL DATA - R	& D	
(Security classification of title, body of abstract and indexing a	annotation must be e		
1. ORIGINATING ACTIVITY (Corporate author)		28. REPORT SECURITY CLASS	IFICATION
Space Instruments Research, Inc.		Unclassified	Ì
Atlanta, Georgia		26. GROLP	
		į.	l
3 REPORT TITLE			
UPPER ATHOSPHERE WINDS FROM GUN-LAU	ICHED VERT	ICAL PROBES (BARE	BADOS.
16-23 NOVE: IBER 1965)			,
10 20 110121111211			1
4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTES (Type of report and inclusive dates)		•	1
5. AUTHOR(S) (First nume, middle initial, last name)	•		. (
Robert L. Fuller			į
8. RIPORT DATE	74. TOTAL NO. C	i i	FS
September 1986	70	37	Į
EAL CONTRACT OR GHANT NOUN -U -U -U U - E. C- 69 (X)	93. OFIGINATOR	S REPORT NUMBERIS)	i
5% 01 003 1810 - 103(K)	1		
b. PROJECT NO RDTE TVOT4501853C	BRL Conc	ract 169 Report 3	}
******* KUTE TVOT4301033C			ļ
·	A	RT NO(0) (Any other numbers the	
•	this tepott)	RI NO(3) (Any other numbers the	teray be essigned
			j
6.	<u> </u>		
10. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT			ĺ
This document has been approved for public	ralesce eni	eala: ite distribut	ion
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	release and	sale, its distribut	,1011
is unlimited.			
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES	12. SPONSORING	MILITARY ACTIVITY	i
	Commanding	a Opercer	
		Pallistic Research	Tobana tania a
		Proving Ground, Md.	
13 ABSTRACT	T		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
On the night of 17-18 November	1965, six	'luminous trails	were
produced between 91km and 138km by			
from projectiles fired from a smoot			
the West Indian island of Barbados	(57 5011 1	3 1°u) An addi	tional six
trails were produced during the nig	ht of 22.2	3 Navamban 1965	Thoso
trails were photographed from neigh			
wind profiles. This report contain			
sixteen trails together with plots	versus alt	itude of wind cor	iponents,
wind speed, and wind heading.			
,			
			Į
)
-			1
			(
			4
•			j
			}
·			

UNCLASSIFIED
Security Classification LINK B LINK A ROLE ROLE ROLE HARP High Altitude Research Project Ionospheric Vinds

 UH	C	L.	٨	S	S	I	F	I	[D	
 	_	Se	cι	11	iŧ۱	, (CI	กร	S	Ĭť.	leation